The Oldest, Largest and Best Advertising Medium in Oneida County.

THE NEW NORTH.

The Most Widely Circulated Paper Published in Northern Wis.

VOLUME 22, NO. 14 | RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1903 | TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Did It Ever
Occur To You
That the Car Brand Pants and Over-
alls are the best for all around wear
and [redacted]

They Are [redacted]
Made by Skille[redacted]
derstand [redacted]

SOLD IN

RHINELANDE[redacted]

AT THE STORE OF

H. LEWIS, The One-Pric[redacted]

WE HAVE IT A[redacted]

For Women, Misses and Children; a fully [redacted]
Lace SHOE, solid outer and inner soles, solid le[redacted]
sole and fair stitch; nowhere can you match it for th[redacted]
ing for it. Women's Shoes, $1.50; Misses $1.25. [redacted]
even dollar. If you can buy as good a Shoe f[redacted]
same price we will donate a pair to the one who d[redacted]
know you cannot, as we never sold so good a S[redacted]
have been in trade for that price.

See them anyway, they won't hurt the ey[redacted]

SPA[redacted]

NEW [redacted]ORE

DRUGS, CHEMIC[redacted]S,
TO[redacted]IES, ETC.

A Splendid Line of delicate [redacted]

PRESCRIPTIONS C[redacted] DRUGS.

F. [redacted]

WORK NOW IN PROGRESS

Contracts Are Let for the Construction and Equipment of the New Paper and Pulp Mills.

Saturday, May 23, was the day that marked the close of arrangements whereby Rhinelander will, before many months, boast of one of the very finest paper mills in the country.

On that day th[redacted]

[redacted]

Treasurer—M. H. Raymond.
Manager—E. A. Edmonds.

It is predicted on good authority that the Wisconsin River Valley will, within ten years, manufacture twice as much paper as the Fox River Valley ever did. Those who are in a position to judge say that the mills in the Fox River Valley are old and out of date, that repairs are necessary nearly all of the time, that the buildings are of ancient construction and that the power available is much more valuable for other purposes than for the manufacture of paper.

A great amount of power is necessary for the grinding of pulp, more than in almost any other manufacturing line and it is predicted that the power now being used for the manufacture of paper, in the valley of the Fox river, will, before long, be utilized for the manufacture of cotton fabrics. The power required for cotton mills is much less than is called for in a pulp and paper mill plant and the Fox River Valley mills have abundant power for the manufacture of cotton cloth which is now turned out almost exclusively in the state of Connecticut.

The buildings for the new plant will all be of one and two stories in height excepting the sulphite plant which will be four stories high. The buildings will be constructed of brick, stone and steel and will have iron trussed roofs and cement floors throughout. In building construction the Rhinelander plant will differ to a marked degree from the old plants located in other parts of the country.

The smoke stack for the mills will reach a height of 175 feet and will be seven feet in diameter. 300,000 brick will be used in the construction of the stack.

The following people make up the list of stockholders in the new company and their names insure the successful carrying out of all projects undertaken by the officers and directors:

A. W. Brown, W. E. Brown, John [redacted]rnes, D. J. Cole, Dr. C. D. Parkard, [redacted] Raymond, Miss Helen Brown, [redacted]attie McIndoe, F. E. Parker, [redacted]elton, E. C. Sturlevant, E. [redacted]n, Paul Browne, S. H. [redacted] Lewis, Chas. Chafee, Miss [redacted] Mrs. Wm. Fenelon, G. [redacted] Moen, E. G. Squier, [redacted]r, Fred. Anderle, Dr. [redacted]. S. Robbins, E. A. [redacted]

Paul Browne, the secretary of the company, deserves great credit for the part he has taken in securing this immense plant for Rhinelander. His intimate acquaintance with outside men of brains and capital has materially aided the mill promoters in their work. He has spent valuable time in the interests of the mill project and the "Soo" division to the detriment of his law and insurance business, but figures in a contented way that he has assisted in securing for this city two permanent institutions that will mean considerable to the prosperity of Rhinelander. The paper mill will be built to stay and the division will not be moved again. As a man of push and energy Paul Browne is entitled to a seat in the front row.

INSPECTION OF COMPANY L.

Regular Army Officer To Inspect Militia Boys Here Tomorrow Night.

Captain John F. Morrison of the 20th Infantry, U. S. Regulars, stationed at Fort Sheridan, will arrive in the city tomorrow and will give the boys of Company L a regular inspection, the primary object being to determine as to how many members of the company are entitled to the new Krag Jorgenson rifles with which the Militia companies of the state are to be equipped by the provisions of a new law recently passed.

The members of the company have been "bucking" in good shape in order that they might be supplied with these standard and powerful shooting "irons" of the Regular army.

The arsenals of the government have been turning out the new rifles for months in order that a sufficient supply be on hand to carry out the provisions of the new ruling and it is pretty safe to say that the local members of the militia will be supplied with the new arm. The old Springfields have done good service but they are not to be classed with the smaller calibre "Krag."

Capt. Morrison, who will conduct the inspection is an old classmate of Capt. E. O. Brown of Company L, both men having graduated from the West Point Military Academy and the meeting of the two men under the later day conditions will be pleasurable alike to both.

CHRIST KOLDEN DEAD.

Passes Away at an Early Hour at St. Mary's Hospital Monday Morning.

The sudden passing away of Christ Kolden, at St. Mary's hospital early Monday morning, proved a painful surprise to the people of Rhinelander and especially to the gentleman's many intimate friends. Mr. Kolden was taken ill Monday of last week, but was able to attend to his work up to Tuesday. He was bothered with throat trouble which later terminated into membraneous croupe Saturday it was thought advisable to remove him from his home to the hospital. All day Sunday he was very low and showed little signs of recovery. He was suddenly taken worse during the early hours of the morning and the end followed but a short time after. Mr. Kolden was a young man twenty-seven years of age, and had been married little over a year. He was in the employ of Anderson, the Brown street merchant, as deliveryman. He also worked for Crane, Fenelon Co., when that firm was engaged in business here. Aside from his wife he has a brother, Oscar Kolden, the well known dry goods dealer residing in this city. His home is at Iola, Waupaca county where his people are now living. The remains were prepared for interment, and taken to the above place Monday night, where the funeral will be conducted. The wife and brother accompanied the body.

Mr. Kolden's departure is a sad one, in the fact that his illness was of short duration, many of his friends not even learning of the matter until his death was announced. He had always been a strong, healthy and robust man, and of a jovial disposition. His loss is deeply mourned.

NEW HORSES FOR RHINELANDER.

Two Fine Animals Have Arrived Here Within The Past Week.

That the interest in horseflesh is not on the wane is pretty clearly evidenced by the two fine animals which were shipped in here for Claude Shepard and Howard Robbins.

Howard's horse is a handsome black, a spirited and a stylish appearing animal that shows up in fine style in or out of a harness. He will be used as a driver and is one of finest appearing animals in this end of the woods.

Claude's mare is a yearling and as pretty as a picture. It arrived here Sunday morning from Columbia, Tenn, and was accompanied on the trip by a young negro who is still here. The animal has a splendid pedigree being sired by Brown Hal, dam, Royetta by Roy Wilkes, a horse with a mark of 2:06¾. The colt is a half sister to Star Pointer, mark 1:59¾, and has great promise as a [redacted] and

AN ADDRESS ON LINCOLN

Some Selected Paragraphs Taken From Rev. A. G. Wilson's Sunday Sermon at Congregational Church.

Abraham Lincoln was the subject chosen by Rev. Wilson for his morning address at the Congregational church last Sunday and it was a masterly effort which we are glad to give to our readers in part. The character and works of the martyred president were touched on by the minister in his usual interesting style:

Our living men are the hope of the present and the future. Our dead men are the strength of our patriotism and our love. History is but a gallery of human faces. The world has been a great painter. Every age and nation has brought its heroes. Its martyrs, its benefactors and hung them high on the wall of fame, but the swinging ages have swept them below the horizon.

Has America placed a picture on the wall that is out of danger of future horizons?

I think if we are to seek for the one man whose picture will hang longest above the lifting horizons, it will be the man who stood at the front in the most critical period of our history, and who manifested a genius that could at once eradicate a deeply entrenched moral wrong and still maintain the union.

That man was Abraham Lincoln and I have no hesitancy in naming him as the greatest character in respect to individual merit and grandeur of enduring achievement which this country, I not the world, has produced. For if Washington was the "Father of his country" Lincoln was the Savior of his country.

He confronted the greatest and most difficult enterprise ever entrusted to mortal man. It was an enormous undertaking. Its cost appalls. Every thread of national interest centered in and around Abraham Lincoln at the opening of the great civil war. The phenomenal qualities of the man are best seen now as we view his worth through forty years of succeeding history.

Men have drawn their ideals of the hero from the robust type of the old Roman soldier and there is a touch of tyranny and cruelty associated with the thought of great leadership. But all this was foreign to the man Lincoln. If there was a lion in the jungles of his rugged nature, the lamb was always at the front. His heart flowed into his brain and submerged all malice and hatred and made charity and sympathy the motives of his action.

He was as tender as a woman, as cheerful as a child and as firm as a Giberalter. No duty was so hard to perform as to refuse official interference in the constant cases of military discipline brought to his daily attention and many a deserter and offender owed his life to the sympathetic man at the White House who was willing—it was thought too often—to err on the side of mercy. He said, "A live soldier boy is of more value to the cause than a dead one. The enemy is killing our soldiers fast enough."

He remembered that most of the boys who went to the front were young, inexperienced and not long drilled in the laws and penalties of army life.

Whenever I think of this man and his mission to liberate three millions of slaves from cruel bondage, I cannot avoid the thought of the man Jesus. The two occupy the same territory in my affectional nature. Each was a "man of sorrows and acquainted with grief." Both were poor and despised at first. Both lay themselves on the altar of human freedom. Each one had his "Gethsemane" and His "Calvary." Both died as martyrs for their principles at the hands of cruel assassins and they are pulling our hearts and consciences to truer ideals.

It is the Christ manifest in the midst of the years that is lifting the world up and making it better.

And this is perhaps the explanation of his sad countenance. The humorous disposition of which so much has been said was but the sparkle, the ripple on the surface. Underneath was the deep under current of sadness if not melancholy. Great souls gather momentum and strength in the solitudes of their deeper nature.

Last summer I visited the Headquarters Dept. of the G. A. R. in the capitol at Madison. On the wall in a frame I read and copied a letter which Mr. Lincoln had written to a mother in Boston who had lost five sons on the field of battle.

He said: "I feel how weak and fruitless must be any word of mine which should attempt to console you from the grief of a loss so overwhelming. But I cannot refrain from tendering to you the consolation that may be found in the thanks of the [redacted]

Interred In Chicago.

The body of Mrs. Frank Boezkiewicz which was found in Pelican Lake last Thursday was shipped to Chicago for burial that evening. Chicago was the home of the deceased. Mrs. Boezkiewicz's body was found near shore across the lake, a great distance from where she was drowned. It was discovered by a searching party, who were out for that purpose, as a small reward had been offered for it's recovery. The body was in a very good state of preservation considering the time it had been in the lake. This was no doubt due to the extreme coldness of the water and the heavy winter clothing worn by the woman at the time of the accident.

GOOD WORDS FOR EDMONDS.

New Superintendant for Rhinelander Paper Co., Is Well Thought of at Home.

The following article relating to Mr. E. A. Edmonds, soon to be numbered among our citizens, is taken from his home paper, the Oconto Falls Herald and testifies to the high opinion in which he is held.

It is mingled with feelings of regret and pleasure that we make the announcement that our respected fellow townsman, Hon. E. A. Edmonds, has been tendered and accepted a position of manager of the extensive paper and pulp mills which will be erected at Rhinelander this season. We regret the fact for the reason that it removes from our community an upright, honorable, progressive gentleman, one whose most earnest efforts during his thirteen years residence in Oconto Falls have been successfully directed to the upbuilding of the moral and commercial life of the place; nevertheless we rejoice that his splendid abilities have been recognized in so substantial a manner as to command an offer of the almost princely salary that has been tendered him, and we know, from several years acquaintance with Mr. Edmonds and close observation of his business methods, that the confidence of the capitalists interested in the Rhinelander mill has been well placed, and that they have made no mistake in confiding to him the supervision of the construction and outfitting of their extensive plant.

Mr. Edmonds left this week for the east to place orders for the machinery for the several mills, which are expected to be ready for operation early next spring.

The Rosa D'Erina Concert.

The song and organ recital given by Rosa D'Erina (Mme. Vontom) in the Congregational church last Friday evening was considered by competent judges the most remarkable high class musical entertainment ever presented in Rhinelander. This is strong commendation but is justified by the merits of their work. Rosa D'Erina is a brilliant musician. Her performance at the great organ was phenomenal and showed the possibilities of the instrument in a manner that was a revelation. Her rendition of the vocal numbers in "Songs of Many Nations" was superb. Mr. Vontom added a most pleasing variety in his tenor solos and humerous sketches.

There is a general demand that a return date be secured with these people, and it is hoped that they may be found among the attractions of the regular course next season.

Will Be Given An Outing.

All of the salespeople in Crusoe's Dept. store will be given a two days outing this week by the managers of this progressive establishment. The place selected is Tomahawk Lake where arrangements have been made with one of the resorts for accomodation of the party, which will number fourteen, including the managers Messrs. C. E. and A. W. Crusoe and their wives. The party will leave on the 1 o'clock train Saturday morning and arrive back Sunday night on the limited. This move on the part of the above company is one which will certainly meet with favor among the employes of the store and is along the popular line that can well be emulated by other establishments which have open doors days and evenings six days out of the week.

Tomahawk Wins The Game.

The base ball game played last Sunday in this city between the Tomahawk and Rhinelander nines resulted in a victory for the boys from the Hatchet City the score standing 11 to 6. The game took place at Keenan's Park and was witnessed by a large assemblage. While the local team played good ball it could easily be seen that they were no match for their opponents, who had everything their own way from start to finish. A small aggregation of Tomahawk "fans" came over with the team. E. F. Tompkins, the local "Soo" line agent who is an authority on base ball, umpired the game. During the progress of the game a hat was passed among the spectators, and a nice little sum was contributed toward defraying the expenses of the visitors.

Centenary Anniversary.

The one hundredth anniv[redacted]

NEW NORTH.

LAURENDER PRINTING COMPANY.

RHINELANDER, - WISCONSIN

Sir Thomas Lipton has stipulated that none of the yacht races shall be run on Friday or on the thirteenth day of the month.

Living expenses seem to have increased in the British royal household. At least King Edward has asked for an increase of $150,000 in his annual salary, which would bring the total up to $2,500,000.

While digging 50 feet below the ground workmen in South Dakota discovered a prehistoric man. As he has been dead for several centuries the progressive people are not talking of running him for any office.

The new rifle to be used by the United States army is shorter and weighs less than the Krag-Jorgensen, but shoots harder. It is to be furnished to the national guard also in states where the conditions laid down by congress are complied with.

The newspapers generally are saying that the report of Joaquin Miller's death was "greatly exaggerated," as Mark Twain said of his own reported demise. That was one of the best of Mark's witticisms, as appears from the endless adaptations of it.

The battleships are not the only ones that are making records for good shooting. After a mile and a half run under water the submarine boat Porpoise sent a torpedo between two flags 150 feet apart. The fact is that the American behind any kind of gun, from a pistol up, is always dangerous.

A letter has been received in Berlin from Dr. Koldewey saying that the excavation of the Ishtar gate at ancient Babylon is finished. The gate is of imposing size. Six hundred cases of tiles, reliefs and other subjects, which once decorated the palace of Nebuchadnezzar, have been shipped to Germany.

The idea of a town being so thoroughly deserted that it could be destroyed by fire without any one knowing it for two days, seems rather queer in these prosperous days of easy communication, but that is what happened to Montana City, Mont., which was once an enterprising placer camp of 4,000 people.

In Canada divorces have to be obtained from the dominion parliament, and very few, on that account, are applied for. What really happens is that Canadian couples, wishing to dissolve the bonds of matrimony, come over to the United States. Canada has the reputation of being free of divorce, while this country bears the odium for both.

Beware the girl who keeps a diary! A Galway (N. Y.) girl has obtained $3,000 damages from an unfaithful one who in 14 years' courtship kissed her 1,226 times, according to her books. Let's see, 1,226 kisses in 14 years would be about 85 a year, or something over seven a month, and considerably less than two a week. Not such a terribly warm courtship after all, as courtships go nowadays.

The Kezelee (Me.) Journal says farm help is so scarce in New England that the situation is alarming, and to prove that every inducement is held out to farm labor the Journal says: "It is the usual practice for the farmers' help to be treated as one of the family, to move in the same society, and in every way to be well treated. Many happy marriages are thus brought about, and many a thrifty family has thus been founded."

The London Mail says that in the last decade nearly 20,000 persons in England and Wales have committed suicide. This is an increase of 200 per cent. in 50 years, and the rate of increase is as heavy in the smaller towns and rural districts as in the larger cities. Three men commit suicide to one woman, and there are more suicides among idle men than among busy ones, and more suicides among working women than among those without occupation.

Sir Wilfrid Lawson, who recently won a fiercely contested parliamentary election on his old platform of temperance, is known as England's "grand old man of temperance." He is 73 years old, and devoted 40 years of his life to the championship of temperance. Sir Wilfrid has been prominent in every parliamentary crisis for a quarter of a century, and it is said that there is little doubt that had he not identified himself with the cause of temperance he would have been many times a minister.

Scientific lumbering or forestry is to become so widely prevalent in a few years, in the opinion of officials of the federal department of agriculture, as to open a large and most attractive field for the employment of specially educated young men. There is already said to exist a great scarcity of foresters and the supply of competent persons is described as being about one in ten to the demand. This demand must increase as lumber companies, paper companies, railroads and other concerns particularly interested wake up.

One of the undertakings in contemplation of great importance to the commerce of the Great Lakes and therefore to the whole country is soon to be brought to a head. Congress has authorized the appointment of a commission of three [illegible] acting in cooperation [illegible] similar number to be se[illegible] Great Britain, to decide [illegible] plan for maintaining the level [illegible]

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

A great many veterans of the Spanish-American war are filing petitions for pensions.

America will insist upon a fair chance at the markets of Manchuria, regardless of what nation administers its politics.

Circulation of national banks has passed the $400,000,000 mark, the largest amount ever before achieved.

Miss Clara Barton, president of the American Red Cross, in a letter to the public declares she conducts its affairs carefully.

Representatives of the czar in Washington are accused of destroying an edition of the United States government report on the condition of Jews in Russia.

In the post office department a deficit of $227,000 has been discovered because of Superintendent A. W. Machen's unauthorized expenditures.

THE EAST.

B. F. Jones, head of a big steel corporation and a well-known politician, died in Pittsburg, Pa., aged 79 years.

At West Point 220 acres are to be added to the United States military reservation.

At the age of 70 years Hugh J. Murdoch, editor of the United Presbyterian and prominent in church circles, died at his home in Sewickley, Pa.

At Slatington, Pa., Mrs. Elvin Buckman killed her children, aged one and three years, by cutting their throats and ended her life in the same manner.

In New York E. H. Harriman, president of the Southern Pacific, was operated upon successfully for appendicitis.

From their mines in Pennsylvania the Delaware & Hudson Coal company is removing all laborers who are under 16 years of age.

In the first trial race off Glen Cove the new cup defender Reliance decisively beat the Columbia, the old defender.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company by order of court is removing the Western Union Telegraph company's lines from its entire system east of Pittsburg. The order involves the destruction of 25,000 miles of telegraph wire and 20,000 poles. Hundreds of towns are without telegraphic service.

WEST AND SOUTH.

The loss to live stock in northern Montana as a result of a terrific snowstorm is estimated to be $5,000,000, cattle and sheep on many of the ranches being almost wiped out, and three men lost their lives.

At Madison, Fla., Washington Jarvis, a white man accused of murder, was hanged by a mob.

By a fire in Chicago 45 families were rendered homeless, 19 buildings were destroyed and nearly $200,000 property loss was caused.

The president on the 20th completed his tour of California and entered upon the last stages of his long trip, which is to end at Washington June 5.

H. S. Riggs, a school-teacher; Ed Bell, a merchant, and R. C. McMahon, deputy sheriff, were killed in a street fight at Sanderson, Tex.

Fire destroyed the big clothing establishment of Strouse, Eisendrath & Co. in Chicago, the loss being estimated at $500,000.

While on trial at Corinth, Miss., Moses Hart, a negro desperado, fired at the chief of police in the courtroom, fled to the street and was shot to death by a mob.

Two large bakeries in Chicago have been closed because of strikes, throwing 2,000 employes out of work.

Henry Storey, a Baptist minister, was burned to death and his wife fatally burned in a fire that destroyed their home in Richmond, Mich.

The Porter Bros.' fruit commission company in Chicago was placed in a receiver's hands with liabilities of $2,000,000.

On Lake Huron the steamer Pfohl was destroyed by fire and the crew was rescued from a lifeboat after fighting the blaze eight hours.

A mob drove John Dixon (colored) from Fremont, O., because he refused to quit work when strikers did.

In session at Cedar Rapids the annual encampment Iowa G. A. R. elected Col. R. R. Raymond, of Hampton, commander.

The wife of George Nash, of Spokane, Wash., who was traveling to Toledo, O., to attend a family reunion, died on the train before reaching her destination.

Dan Kennedy and Henry Golden (negroes) and Amos Bardall (white) were lynched at Mulberry, Fla., for the murder of Barney Brown, a white man.

The president visited Salem, Oregon City and Portland, Ore., laying the corner stone of the Lewis and Clark monument at the latter place.

In New Orleans street railway employes have been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for interrupting mail cars during the recent strike.

Gen. Gordon was reelected commander in chief at the confederate reunion in New Orleans.

Voluntarily the Great Northern Express company has increased the wages of its messengers 12½ per cent.

The statistics show that in recent blizzards in Montana 1,500,000 sheep were killed.

Edna and Pearl Gill, orphans, who had been adopted by Mrs. E. L. Butler, lost their lives in a fire that destroyed their home at Merrill, Mich.

Fire wiped out the business portion of Dunkirk, O.

A strike which for several days practically paralyzed the business of Denver is [illegible] to an end.

The 1,200 freight handlers employed by railroads entering St. Louis joined the strike of the warehousemen practically tying up freight traffic.

In Kansas a cyclone wrecked buildings at Ashland, Hazire and Assaria and killed three persons in the latter place.

Many buildings were destroyed by a tornado in the farming country east of Ord, Neb. At Cork a church was wrecked.

In Indiana a tornado did great damage to property at Lebanon, Elwood and Crawfordsville.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The representatives of the United States in foreign countries are to inform manufacturers that adulterated foods and wines will not be admitted after July 1.

In battle with the Abyssinian and British forces at Burilli, Somaliland, 300 dervishes were killed.

Flames destroyed the mining town of Little Bay, N. F.

In Havana the first anniversary of the Cuban republic was celebrated with review of police and fire departments by President Palma. Congratulations were received from Secretary Root.

In Manila 2,000 houses were destroyed by fire and 8,000 people were made homeless.

Fire at St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, destroyed half a dozen industries and houses, leaving nearly a quarter of the city's population homeless.

The Jewish massacres at Kishinev, says Count Tolstoi, were due to "ratical priesthood," "robber officials and preaching of violence by the government.

Replying to Ambassador Cassini, Dr. Cyrus Adler says the Russian government bars Jews from nearly all pursuits excepting privates in the army.

LATER NEWS.

The most serious difficulty in the administration of the Philippines is caused by the climate, which breaks down the health of Americans sent there.

Auditor Castle and Comptroller Tracewell have submitted statements denying charges made by former Cashier Tulloch, of the Washington post office.

A "dress up" rule is enforced by many big mercantile concerns in Chicago and the assertion is made that tidy appearance is an aid to business and advances the individual employe.

A mass-meeting of enormous proportions was held in Hyde park, London, to protest against the education bill pending in parliament. The affair is considered a serious rebuke to the government.

Bishop Frederick Burgess, at the opening of the convention of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in New York, declared the church was in need of stronger men in the pulpit who will have the courage to do things.

STRIKE TO BE DECLARED OFF.

Employes and Officials of Union Pacific Come to Terms—Peace in Chicago.

Omaha, Neb., May 25.—A special to the World-Herald from New York city says that the Union Pacific strike has been settled and will be declared off on May 27. The terms of settlement between the officers of the railroad and the representatives of the strikers have been signed. The men are to return to work at an increased rate of pay, there is to be no discrimination on account of the men belonging to the union, and piece work is to be abolished in the shops of the system.

Chicago, May 25.—An agreement has been signed by the International Harvester company with all unions in its employ, comprising 15,000 workers, at the Deering, McCormick and other plants, the terms of settlement to run until September 15, next year. Twenty-five hundred laborers employed by paving contractors are granted 25 cents a day increase and will resume work to-day. Representatives of the Stock Yards Packers and Packing Trades' council will meet to-day to confer on a wage scale for 10,000 skilled and unskilled workmen. Indications are that an amicable settlement will be reached. Seven hundred sheet metal workers closed an agreement for 50 cents an hour and a Saturday half holiday the year round. This makes complete peace in the building industry. Both the restaurant employers and employes are willing to hold conference on the new wage scales of the cooks, waiters and waitresses. The laundry owners and workers have settled their differences contingent upon the drivers reaching an agreement. One thousand ice wagon drivers have been granted an increase in wages.

JUMPED TO HIS DEATH.

Unknown Man Leaps Into the River from the Brooklyn Bridge.

New York, May 25.—An unknown man, sitting in an open car, crossing Brooklyn bridge, Sunday, suddenly alighted when the car was in the middle of the center span and, running to the side of the bridge, jumped into the river. He threw his hat in the face of a fireman who tried to seize him as he stood poised on the edge of the trestle work, and then dived head-first, holding a lighted cigar between his teeth. His body rose to the surface immediately after the plunge and was carried away by the current.

Bad Fire at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, May 25.—A fire that is estimated to have caused a loss of upwards of $1,000,000 occurred Sunday evening in the building of the Front Street Warehousing company at 919-925 North Front street. Merchandise of a general character was stored in the place. The third floor was packed solidly with matting, and besides this there were in the building among other things 1,500 rolls of carpet, 500 barrels of molasses, light and heavy machinery of various descriptions, a carload of wines and other liquors and a carload of matches.

An Appointment.

Washington, May 25.—The appointment of Charles Hallam Keep as assistant secretary of the treasury to succeed Milton E. Ailes, who recently resigned to accept the [illegible]

STORMS CAUSE LOSS OF LIFE.

Fourteen Persons Killed at Various Places.

THE PROPERTY LOSS IS BIG.

Tornadoes and Cloudbursts Sweep Sections of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma.

Chicago, May 25.—Nine persons are known to have been killed and more than 100 were injured, many fatally, by cyclones and tornadoes in Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas and Oklahoma Friday and Saturday.

Harvey Scott, a lineman, was killed at Sioux City, Ia., in rescuing a little girl from a live wire prostrated by the storm.

John Coons was killed in his home at Clarendon, Ia., by a bolt of lightning.

A barn at Persia, Ia., was blown down while Mrs. H. F. Erins was in it, killing her.

An unidentified Italian laborer was picked up by the wind at Marshall, Mich., and it is believed was thrown into the river.

P. F. Brown, a traveling man, was killed and Mrs. Wismiller was injured so badly she died in a storm that destroyed one-third of Carmen, Okla. Twenty others were injured.

Two persons, whose names have not been learned, were killed at Bala, Kan.

At Dodge City, Kan., a herder, name not known, was killed.

The property loss will be enormous, many buildings being leveled and crops ruined. In places where already high water or storms had compelled three plantings this year the farmers will have to begin their work all over again.

In northwestern Iowa the storm was especially severe, heavy losses being reported at Sioux City, Onawa, Sibley, Clarion, Aurelia, Estherville, and a dozen other places. Randolph, Neb., across the river from Sioux City, also suffered.

A terrific thunder storm, accompanied by a high wind, struck the section around Pittsburg, Pa., Sunday afternoon and besides killing one man did considerable property damage.

Springfield, Ill., and vicinity was visited by a heavy rain and windstorm Sunday. Raymond Morrison, aged 19 years, son of William R. Morrison, residing one mile west of Curren, was struck by lightning and instantly killed at his home. The lightning passed through the house and set fire to the building, but the flames were extinguished by members of the household.

Cloudburst in Oklahoma.

Enid, Okla., May 25.—Hundreds of persons were rendered homeless and property damaged estimated at $500,000 was done in the Enid bottoms alone by a cloudburst that struck west of this city at midnight Saturday. The aggregate damage will doubtless be raised much higher by losses sustained between Enid and the seat of the storm. At 12 o'clock a bank of water three feet high and 200 feet wide swept down through the bottoms, carrying houses and everything before it. It came upon Enid without warning while most of its citizens were asleep. Within a few minutes 100 houses were partly or completely submerged. Rescuers went to work immediately and all night labored industriously saving persons from perilous positions and aiding those driven from their homes. Sunday it was found that several hundred were homeless. Many pitiable scenes were witnessed as the people stood around waiting for the water to subside. Many had lost everything they possessed. The citizens are busily engaged relieving the distress, but the means at hand are inadequate. The rainfall the past ten days has been the heaviest in the history of Oklahoma, and indications are that more will follow. Reports of loss in the country west of Enid are meager, but it is believed that heavy damage was done.

RAVAGES OF FAMINE.

Terrible Conditions Reported from China—Parents Sell Children to Buy Food.

Washington, May 25.—Thousands of people are st[illegible] and heads of [illegible] their children [illegible] without finding [illegible] to a report fro[illegible] the state depart[illegible] the famine in the [illegible] Si the people are [illegible] their most cherished possess[illegible] a bit of money with which to buy food. Many have sold their children, but so many have been offered for sale the market was overcrowded. McWade is the American consul at Canton and has received his information, which he emphasizes as reliable, from American missionary and native sources in Ka-Kwai-Fing, Wu-Chow and other places. It shows the destitution and the consequent sufferin[illegible] the consul says, are absolutely [illegible] pallig.

RETURNS VERDICT OF GUIL[illegible]

Jury in St. Louis Bribery Case Sentences Former Delegate Hartm[illegible] to Six Years in Penitentia[illegible]

St. Louis, May 25.—Afte[illegible] 25 minutes, the jury in [illegible] Emil Hartmann, former [illegible] the house of delegates, [illegible] returned a verdict Saturd[illegible] before Judge Ryan, findi[illegible] guilty and fixing his p[illegible] six years in the penitenti[illegible] ality is the heaviest that [illegible] ficted so far in the bril[illegible]

During the course of [illegible] eral former members o[illegible] delegates testified to t[illegible] among 19 members of [illegible] bribe of $67,500 paid f[illegible] of the city lighting b[illegible] several witnesses testi[illegible] the number who recei[illegible] for their votes on this [illegible]

Capt. Hartmann [illegible]

Manila, May 25.—T[illegible] court-martial of Cap[illegible] mann, of the signal [illegible] with embezzlement [illegible] property, is a full a[illegible] quittal.

Two Killed [illegible]

Bristol, England, [illegible] motor cycle accid[illegible] Saturday. The m[illegible]

Has Not Resigned.

Washington, May 23.—On th[illegible] inst. the state department [illegible] United States Minister Beau[illegible] gota an inquiry as to the [illegible] the report that Presiden[illegible] had resigned. Friday the [illegible] in the following terms: [illegible] 15, 1903.—President ha[illegible]

Postmasters A[illegible] Bowling Green, Ky[illegible]

PUTS A STOP TO AUTO CONTEST.

Premier Combes Says It Can't Continue on French Territory.

ACCIDENTS CAUSE OF ACTION.

Several Big Cars Are Wrecked and Prominent Owners Injured—One Life Is Known to Have Been Lost.

Paris, May 25.—In view of the number of accidents, some fatal, in the first stage of the Paris-Madrid automobile race, from Versailles to Bordeaux, Premier Combes has forbidden the continuance of the contest on French territory. The second stage of the race, which was to have been continued on Tuesday, included a run over French territory from Bordeaux to the Spanish frontier. Premier Combes' action will probably lead to the race being abandoned.

It is reported that the Spanish government has also forbidden the continuance of the race on Spanish territory.

Made Good Time.

The first stage in the Paris-Madrid automobile race, from Versailles to Bordeaux, 342 miles, finished at noon Sunday, when Louis Renault dashed at a furious pace into Bordeaux, having made a record run of eight hours and 27 minutes. An hour later M. Gabriel arrived with a still better record of eight hours seven minutes. It is estimated from the times made that these automobiles covered 62 miles an hour on the road outside the cities.

Fatal Accidents.

These victories, however, were clouded by a series of accidents, having in one case at least, a fatal result. At least two cars were wrecked and Marcel Renault, the winner of the Paris-Vienna race last year, Lorraine Barrows, a very well known automobilist, and Renault's chauffeur, were seriously, it is believed fatally, injured, while Barrows' chauffeur was killed. Moreover, an unconfirmed report says that a serious accident occurred near Angouleme, in which the two occupants of an automobile, the owner of which is not yet known, were seriously injured and two spectators were killed. This number of accidents has not caused any great surprise here in view of the number of contestants in the race and the great speed and power of their machines.

Withdrew from the Race.

The name of W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., disappeared from the reports along the route after Rambouillet, where he passed 78 in order at 4:45 Sunday morning, going in fine form. The omission of his name from the dispatches from Chartres, the next town on the road, caused some anxiety and brought forth a number of inquiries. It was learned later that he, Henri Fournier and Baron de Forest withdrew from the race together before reaching Chartres. All of them suffered breakdowns and having lost three hours they decided that it was useless to continue. Mr. Vanderbilt and Baron de Forest returned to the Hotel Ritz at 11 o'clock a. m. They laughed and made light of their withdrawal. Foxhall Keene, Tod Sloan and W. J. Darnat, the American artist, did not appear at the starting line when their turn was reached and consequently did not take part in the race. C. Gray Dinsmore is thus the only American left in.

A Night of Excitement.

Chartres passed a night of wild excitement. It is estimated that 100,000 crowded into the little town. The st[illegible]

Gen. [illegible] that a serious accident had occurred near Angouleme, two occupants of an automobile being thrown out and injured and two spectators killed. No names or details were given.

The result of the first stage of the race appears to be a draw between the merits of the light and heavy vehicles. Louis Renault drove a light machine, weighing 650 pounds and of 20-horse power, while Gabriel drove a heavy machine of 70-horse power, weighing 1,000 pounds.

More Fatalities.

Dispatches arriving from points along the course add to the list of fatalities and accidents. The most terrible occurred near Ponneval, 19 miles from Chartres, where machine No. 243, driven by M. Porter, was overturned at a railroad crossing and took fire. The chauffeur was caught underneath the automobile and burned to death, while two soldiers and a child were killed.

A chauffeur was badly injured by an accident to his motor car near Angouleme. A woman crossing the road in the neighborhood of Ablis was run over by one of the competing cars and killed.

Mr. Stead and his chauffeur, who were first reported to have been killed, are still alive. It seems that their automobile collided with another car with which Mr. Stead had been racing for several kilometers wheel to wheel, and was completely overturned in a ditch near Montguyon. Mr. Stead was caught under the machine, while his chauffeur was hurled to a distance of 20 feet and had his head and body badly cut. Mr. Stead was conscious when he was picked up, but complained of suffering great pain. He was conveyed to the nearest farm.

SUSPECT IS HELD.

Negro Under Arrest for Alleged Murder of Indiana Girl Whose Body Was Found.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., May 25.—Louis Everson, a negro known as "Black Ponto," is in jail here on suspicion of having murdered Miss Rosa Kaiser, whose body was found in Tanner's creek Saturday. Her skull had been crushed and her face bruised and gashed.

Everson was placed in jail to protect him from mob violence. He denies that he had a hand in the girl's death or in the assault upon Martin Kaiser, the girl's father, who is still in a critical condition.

The tragedy has aroused the people, and every negro within five miles of Manchester has been ordered to leave at once.

While the crowds were coming into town Sunday a dispatch was received that another outrage had been committed in the county and this diverted attention from the jail. Sheriff Axby, with deputies, was called in the morning to Weisburg, where an unknown negro, supposed to belong to the same railway construction gang, had criminally assaulted two little daughters of George Smith, a farmer. The sheriff was joined by many farmers in this chase and also by M. C. Cowdry with his bloodhounds. The trail was finally lost and Sheriff Axby, Deputy Patcher and others returned Sunday night, but the farmers with hounds are still scouring the country. Sheriff Axby has a theory that the negro who escaped from Weisburg is the one who assaulted the Kaiser family.

RELIANCE IS FAST.

The New Cup Defender Clearly Outclasses Her Rivals for the Honor.

Matinicock Point, L. I., May 23.—In a wind that ranged from a mere zephyr to an eight-knot breeze, the Reliance clearly proved her superiority over the Columbia and the Constitution in the race on Long Island sound Saturday afternoon. Though officially the race was no contest, owing to the failure of the boats to finish before 6:20 o'clock, enough was revealed to prove that in his latest creation Designer Herreshoff has wrought his masterpiece. In all points of sailing, as they were brought out in the triangular course, the new boat clearly outclassed her rivals. Whenever conditions were at all equal she scurried away from the other yachts with ease. When the time limit expired she was two miles in the lead.

The tests to which the boats were subjected were mainly confined to measuring their respective merits over reaches, close and broad, little opportunity being afforded of showing what they may be capable of in working to windward or running to leeward. In what little chance there was to form an estimate of the boats in these two latter respects the new boat demonstrated her superiority. So much for the Reliance. As for the Columbia and Constitution, the contest was indecisive, though when the time limit had expired the Columbia had a slight advantage over the Belmont boat.

Death of Paul Bionet.

Paris, May 25.—Paul Bionet (Max O'Rell) died Sunday night. He has been ailing for several months and never recovered entirely from the effects of an operation performed some time ago in New York.

SCIENTIFIC OBSERVATIONS.

[illegible] for of an astronomical chronometer rarely greater than two one-[illegible]ths of a second.

[illegible] Walkoff, of Munich, after an [illegible] study of the skull of a pre[illegible] man, recently discovered, [illegible] the information that our old[illegible] ancestors, in his opinion, [illegible] able to walk erect, could not [illegible]

[illegible] been found that the meter [illegible] tural unit of measure, it not [illegible] tly a ten-millionth part of a [illegible] of the terrestrial meridian. M. [illegible] ests that the height of the [illegible] quicksilver in the baro[illegible] given altitude and tempera[illegible] en as the standard.

[illegible] series of Roman remains in [illegible] in 1902 were even fewer [illegible] of 1901. Excavations were [illegible] Silchester, Caerwent, and [illegible] all; and the Scottish Anti[illegible] completed Inchtuthill, [illegible] ieary. But the results [illegible] in value; the field of ex[illegible] not enlarged by new un[illegible] and the list of interesting [illegible] series was short.

GOSSIP FROM WASHINGTON

A Budget of Terse Comments from the National Capital.

The City Recently Honored a Man It Had Once Vilified—The Work of "Boss" Shepard Recalled by His Death.

Washington. — "Boss" Shepherd's body was brought back to Washington a few days ago, and it was buried with all the honors the District of Columbia could bestow.

Alex R. Shepherd.

Twenty-five years ago the living "Boss" Shepherd quit Washington to seek his fortune in Mexico, denounced, vilified, branded throughout the United States as a public looter. With the exception of William M. Tweed, it may be doubted whether any other American ever gained quite so widespread a reputation as an instigator of municipal corruption.

Shepherd was governor of the district in the old days when the district had no territorial form of government. He was practically a dictator. No man ever more justly earned the title of "boss." He had full swing, and he used his power to make over a city which up to his time had been anything but a credit to the nation of which it was the capital. Poorly paved and poorly graded streets, mud, distance and discomfort were the most conspicuous characteristics of Washington. Shepherd was about 40 then, a vigorous, pushing, hard-headed fellow, who had begun life as a plumber, and had the executive capacity of a successful contractor. He was afraid of nothing. He set out to improve the city. He straightened streets, leveled grades, tore down obstructing houses, rode rough shod over traditions, sentiment and private interests; and when he had completed his work he had fashioned a city which has grown to be the marvel of the world.

But in the process he made enemies; and some of his friends made money. Then the inevitable happened. There came a scandal, a congressional investigation, denunciation, exile. Shepherd went to Mexico. He became a mining monarch with his own little principality set in the midst of the Cordilleras leagues from civilization. The capital grew apace, the wonderful foresight and courage of the man became evident to all. He had won wealth and he was preparing to come home to enjoy it, when he died. His vindication came while he was still alive, but the visible tribute was paid to his remains.

Traits of Secretary Moody.

William H. Moody, secretary of the navy, is probably as close to President Roosevelt as any other man in public life. Moody is comparatively new in the president's good graces. He was hardly known except by general reputation to Mr. Roosevelt up to the time he was asked to go into the cabinet, but no sooner had he taken his seat at the cabinet table than his sturdy qualities began to tell.

Hon. Wm. H. Moody.

Moody is not unlike Roosevelt physically, mentally and morally. He is of the same stocky athletic build. He has the same pugnacity in bullet-shaped head and fighting face. He has the same clean ideals of public life and the same fearlessness in working for what he believes to be right. He is quick, impetuous and always ready.

Moody was prosecuting attorney for Essex county, Massachusetts, before he came to congress, and he made a reputation then as an aggressive reformer. He cleaned out a gang of boodle aldermen in Lawrence, the principal town of his district. They put detectives on his track, threatened his life and did everything in their power to intimidate him. But he stuck to his work tenaciously and put several of his antagonists behind the bars. He is as fearless now as then. He is willing to take any chances that come to him.

Position of Minister Bowen.

Herbert W. Bowen, who has won reputation the past few months through his connection with the Venezuelan affair, is about to return to Caracas, where he has been stationed for some time as minister for the United States.

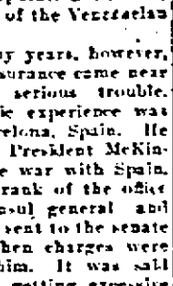
Minister Bowen.

For four months Bowen has occupied an anomalous position. He has been in Washington as representative of Venezuela in her dispute with the European powers while still carried on the rolls of the state department as United States minister to Venezuela. Thus situated he has become an international figure and has acquired a prominence which does not in any degree faze him; for Bowen is to be credited above all things with assurance and self-confidence. His superb trust in his own destiny has undoubtedly had much to do with the reputation he has won in his conduct of the Venezuelan negotiations.

It is not so many years, however, since that same assurance came near getting him into serious trouble. His first diplomatic experience was as consul to Barcelona, Spain. He was appointed by President McKinley just before the war with Spain. A little later the rank of the office was raised to consul general and Bowen's name was sent to the senate for promotion. Then charges were brought against him. It was said that he had been getting excessive fees for his share in the exportation of jackasses from Barcelona, and an attempt was made to hold up his confirmation. Bowen got busy and hastened to Washington. Without waiting to confer with his friends he hunted up the commerce committee of the senate, which had his nomination under consideration. He insisted on a hearing and he got it. He lectured the committee for delay, denounced his accusers and altogether made so unfavorable an impression that the committee, who were indifferent at the start, became strongly prejudiced against him. They were on the point of making an adverse report out of "pure cussedness" when Bowen's friends got wind of the affair and, after much difficulty, straightened out the tangle. It took any amount of skill and tact to bridge the matter over.

Judge Holmes and the Negroes.

It was a curious chance that Oliver Wendell Holmes should have been chosen to deliver the opinion of the supreme court the other day in the negro suffrage case.



Judge Oliver W. Holmes.

Justice Holmes is not only the son of the Boston poet who wrote tellingly against slaveholding, but he was himself the subject of one of his father's most popular war time essays. He is the "Captain" to seek whom, wounded, the gentle poet traveled south, embodying his experiences in one of his most charming bits of prose. Now it falls to the captain's lot to announce the decision of the supreme court that there is no hope for the colored brother who is debarred from voting under the newly-devised constitutional restrictions of the southern states.

Justice Holmes, although next to the youngest member of the supreme court, is already regarded as one of its greatest acquisitions. He is an accomplished jurist. That goes without saying of a man who has been chief justice of the Massachusetts supreme court as well as a professor in the Harvard law school.

But he is more than that. There is no other member of the court who equals him in general culture and in literary quality. His opinions from the bench read as though they were prepared as a literary essay. It is a delight to hear them delivered in the pleasantly modulated tones of the justice; for he has a charm of oratory as well as style.

The new justice is in great demand as an after-dinner speaker. He is witty, graceful and altogether delightful. He is in great demand, too, socially. It is acknowledged that he and Mrs. Holmes have scored the most marked social success which is to be credited to any new comer in Washington during the season just closed. Altogether President Roosevelt's first appointment to the bench seems bound to do the administration much credit.

A Valued Desk.

One of the most treasured relics of the white house is the desk which stands in the private office of the president—the old room that used to be devoted to cabinet meetings under the old regime but which is now one of the private apartments of the president's house.

A Treasured Relic.

This desk was presented to President Hayes by Queen Victoria nearly 30 years ago. It was constructed from the timbers of the historic Arctic ship Resolute, which had as extraordinary an experience as ever falls to the lot of a vessel.

The Resolute was a British boat which sailed in 1852 for the Arctic regions in search of Sir John Franklin and his missing crew. She was frozen up in Arctic ice and her captain and crew were forced to leave her to her fate, escaping themselves to England. Abandoned though she was, without a soul on board, she drifted safely a distance of 1,200 miles buffeted and pressed by ice; and at last, four years later, she was picked up by an American whaler, stanch and seaworthy as ever.

Congress did a very graceful thing. A resolution was passed authorizing the purchase of the Resolute from those who saved her, directing that the ship be fully repaired and equipped at an American navy yard and requesting of the British government that the United States be allowed to restore the Resolute to the service to which she formerly belonged. An appropriation of $10,000 was made for the purpose and the vessel was formally transferred to the queen of England on December 16, 1856, being taken to Cowes by express request of the queen for that purpose. The queen displayed the greatest interest in the event, and so did the English people. The vessel was decorated with flags, the American and British ensigns flying side by side.

Twenty years later the old ship was broken up and by order of the queen a desk was made from its timbers and sent to the president.

LOUIS A. COOLIDGE.

Convental Spirits.

Fritilla—Was your dinner a social success?

Clorinda—Yes, indeed. You see, I was careful to invite only people who have the same kind of nervous prostration.—Puck's Life.

Born Too Soon.

Janitor's Wife—Phwat are yez readin'?

Janitor—Ol'm reading th' history av Napoleon Bonaparte. Mon! Mon! Phwat a janitor he wud av made!—N. Y. Weekly.

A GREAT FUTURE FOR ALASKA.

It Is Predicted in Glowing Terms by President Roosevelt.

ADDRESS AT SEATTLE, WASH.

Secret Service Officials Uneasy About Coming Visit to Butte, Mont., and Guard Will Be Increased.

Seattle, Wash., May 23.—The great future before the state of Washington, especially the cities on Puget sound, was dwelt upon at length by President Roosevelt in his address here Saturday. That this section must gain by the development of Alaska and the growing interests of the United States in the Pacific was impressed upon his hearers by the president.

The president said in part:

"The men of my age who are in this great audience will not be old men before they will see one of the greatest and most populous states of the entire union in Alaska. I am glad to notice that our national legislature now seems desirous of providing at once for the needs of that great territory. I predict that Alaska will within the next century support as large a population as does the entire Scandinavian peninsula of Europe, the people of which, by their brains and energies, have left their mark on the face of Europe. I predict that you will see Alaska, with her enormous resources of mineral, fisheries, her possibilities that almost exceed belief, produce as hardy and vigorous a race as any part of America."

A Quiet Sunday.

Sunday was spent very quietly by President Roosevelt. During the morning he attended the memorial services of the G. A. R. at the Grand Opera house. The Rev. J. M. Wilson preached the sermon which struck a popular chord in which the president was highly interested. There was a large gathering at the service and all paid their respects to the president. He took no part in the demonstration. In the afternoon President Roosevelt and some of the members of his party took a horseback ride out to Fort Lawton, where they spent a short time looking over the grounds. There was nothing official in his visit and he greeted the soldiers, mingling with them informally for a few minutes.

President Closely Guarded.

It is a noticeable feature that the secret service officers accompanying the president have been keeping a tireless guard constantly. It is understood that these officers do not relish the idea of the president's coming visit to Butte, Mont., because of the alleged existence there of a number of anarchists, some of whom, it has been alleged, were connected with the recent plot to blow up the Atlantic liner Umbria in New York. As soon as the great mining camp is approached extra precautions will be taken. Naturally, the president scoffs at all these fears.

Troops to Preserve Order.

Louisville, Ky., May 23.—A special to the Herald from Jackson, Ky., says: "A battalion of troops numbering 120 men arrived in Jackson at five o'clock Sunday afternoon to preserve order in the town and about the court house during the investigation of the assassination of James B. Marcum, the last victim of the Hargis-Cockrill feud. A battalion made up of one infantry company from Shelbyville and two batteries of artillery from Louisville and Lexington arrived on a special train from Lexington and at once pitched camp on Wide Common, owned by Alex Hargis, near the center of town. The arrival of troops was unmarked by any particular incident.

Locomotive Boiler Explodes.

Erie, Pa., May 23.—While passing May's Siding, on the hill about seven miles west of Kane Sunday, the boiler on one of the locomotives pushing a Philadelphia & Erie freight train, exploded, killing one man and injuring four others, three perhaps fatally. The disaster was an unusual one insomuch as the train was running at the time and also because the crown sheet of the exploded boiler was blown clear through the caboose, splitting it in two and completely wrecking it, so that it was set on fire and burned up as the quickest way to clear the tracks. The injured, except the engineer and fireman, were in the caboose.

Loss of $80,000 at Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., May 23.—Fire destroyed the machinery and stock of the Falls City Shirt company at Eighth and Main streets. The building was badly damaged. The stock of the Carter Dry Goods company, in an adjoining warehouse, also suffered. The losses are: Falls City Shirt company, stock and building, $70,000; Carter Dry Goods company, $12,000; all partly insured.

Not a Candidate.

Cleveland, O., May 23.—Senator Hanna repeated his declaration that he is not and will not be a candidate for the presidential nomination in 1904 and asserted his opposition to the proposal that the Ohio state republican convention in 1903 shall indorse Roosevelt for a second term. He insists that the matter of an indorsement is the sole prerogative of the state convention in 1904.

Disaster at a Bull Fight.

London, May 19.—A special dispatch from Madrid announces that during a bull fight Sunday at Algeciras the amphitheater collapsed and 12 persons were killed and 50 were injured. Several women and children were gored by the bulls.

Left to the People.

Madison, Wis., May 20.—The assembly adopted the Ray resolution on the primary election bill with an amendment by Mr. Bradford whereby the entire bill will be submitted to the people for ratification at the general election next year.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Destructive Tornado.

A tornado resulting in the destruction of a large amount of property swept over the village of Holmen, La Crosse county. The roof, smoke stack and part of the main structure of the Cadberg Milling company were torn down. Doherty's livery barn was picked from its foundation and a new double brick block just completed and and ready for occupancy was torn from its base. Trees were torn up by the roots and small frame buildings were hurled in many directions.

Man Missing.

William Schewe, a prominent resident of the village of Bristol, has been missing from his home for several weeks, and all efforts to find any trace of him have been futile. Some of his friends believe that he went to Chicago, and there met with foul play or committed suicide. Schewe had trouble with his wife a few months ago and the latter applied for a divorce. It is said that this made Schewe very melancholy, and his friends see in it a possible motive for suicide.

Wisconsin Man's Crime.

Mrs. T. M. Fairchild, wife of a traveling salesman, was murdered in her room at a hotel in El Paso, Tex., by George M. Peterson, a former commission merchant of Amherst, that state, who afterward killed himself. Mrs. Fairchild was a young and pretty blonde. She became acquainted with Peterson at Denver. He followed her to El Paso. The husband left several weeks ago on a tour of west Texas, and the woman and her lover were together almost constantly.

Divorces Wife for Money.

A divorce was granted Mrs. Anna Yonkers in La Crosse from Charles Yonkers. Some months ago Mrs. Yonkers was bequeathed $40,000 by an aged man whom she had cared for when he was ill on a Burlington train. Yonkers' mother, a wealthy widow, threatened to disinherit him unless the divorce was secured, and Yonkers was forced to choose between his wife's $40,000 and his expectations from his mother, and the mother prevailed.

Railway Bill Signed.

The governor has signed the ad valorem railroad bill. There is considerable difference of opinion as to what effect this new act will have. The governor and some of his advisers say that it will make the railroads pay $1,000,000 more in taxes annually, while the railroad men declare that their taxes will not be as high as under the license fee system. The first taxes to be collected under this act will be in 1905.

Was Never Insane.

Henry Wicks, once a wealthy farmer of Chipmunk Coulee, near La Crosse, has upon reexamination been declared sane, after having spent 21 years in the insane asylum. Drs. Bowells and Maurer conducted the examination at the direction of County Judge Brindley. The former declares that he believes Wick was never insane. He was committed for attempt to commit suicide while drunk.

Found in a Car.

A man's body was found in a car of lumber at Milwaukee. The car was rebilled to Milwaukee from the Fortieth street yards in Chicago May 2 and the body had evidently been in the car before that date. It is that of a man 25 years old, well dressed in dark clothes. A memorandum in a pocket contains the name of Thomas Dillon, 239 East Twenty-second street, Chicago.

Drowned.

George W. Chapman, secretary of the Nighthawk Mining company and a resident of Milwaukee for several years, was drowned at Nighthawk, Wash. Mr. Chapman left Milwaukee recently with Henry James, another official of the company, to inspect the holdings of the company.

The News Condensed.

Lightning struck the Wisconsin chair factory at Port Washington, and the fire that followed caused a loss of $10,000.

Mrs. Alvin Pfiller, of Kenosha, was seriously scalded by the overturning of a tub of boiling water which she attempted to lift from the stove.

Albert Wood, charged with the recent burglary of Godfirnon's grocery store at Appleton, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

G. M. Tibbets, a well-known lake mariner, died at Milwaukee.

By a rise in the Mississippi river farmers on French island, three miles north of La Crosse, had to move their live stock to the mainland to save it from drowning. Their homes and barns were entirely surrounded by water.

Milwaukee has a population of between 315,000 and 320,000, according to figures obtained for the new city directory. The increase during the last year has been between 7,000 and 12,000.

Mrs. Flora Pfeniler, aged 45, died in Kenosha as a result of being scalded by boiling water.

Former Gov. Scofield conferred with Edward Hines in Marinette and plans were arranged for rebuilding the burned mill at Superior.

A library expert visiting Oshkosh has found an original volume of Audubon with water colors. The work is valued at $2,200.

Fire partially destroyed the warehouse of the Columbia Manufacturing company at Antigo, the loss being $5,000, fully insured.

The depot at Rhinelander was burglarized for the second time in one week. The thieves secured several packages of valuable freight.

The Nira Hanson woolen mills, two miles north of Black River Falls, were carried away by the water rushing over the dam. The loss is estimated at $10,000 with no insurance. The mill will be rebuilt.

A letter has been received by E. D. Coe, superintendent of the pension office in Milwaukee, from Martin J. Chilstad, who asks to have his pension discontinued, as he is able to live without it.

Sophie Alk, the 7 year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alk, was run down by a street car and badly mangled at Green Bay.

DOING ONE'S BEST.

It Is Always Advisable to Make the Most of One's Self and Show It.

The majority of people only make the most of themselves when some stronger person comes along and by criticism and commands compels them to undertake what they have regarded as being impossible. In other words, they have held the wrong idea of what was the best they could do. They have underestimated their own ability and nursed quite a wrong conception of the merits of their daily work, writes Anna Woodward, in Chicago Daily News.

Don't get into the way of humbugging yourself. Take a look at your self-complacent personality from the other man's point of view. It may be that that he sees you as you are, whereas you have only seen yourself as you think you are. Whenever you have a task intrusted to you don't do it as you please, but as you would expect some one else to do it. Try the hard way and conquer the impossible impediment. Feel ashamed each time some one else makes you do what you have declared could not be done. There is not a living soul who can do things better than you if you will once cease underestimating your powers for the sake of saving yourself trouble. Whenever you are tempted to say: "Too much is expected of me," say instead: "I am falling short of what is possible."

Nothing is more unworthy than to feel aggrieved because others are not satisfied with a too low standard which you are pleased to consider your finest effort. Nor does it seem unnecessary to point out that if it is ridiculous to suffer on account of an imaginary self or state of feelings or because of our satisfaction with suppositious best efforts, it is also inconsistent to suffer on account of a real self that is preserved as a mystery and kept safely out of reach of communication with others. Nevertheless this is with the many a matter of daily occurrence.

There are those who foster with a species of delighted resentment the idea that other people—those, perhaps, closest to them by ties of blood or affection—do not realize their powers or appreciate their finer nature. Now I submit that this is not only a silly affectation but sheer stupidity.

Virtues and powers locked up in the vault of a man's consciousness are worthless; they become valuable only when they are put into circulation. No one cares at all for the jingle in your pockets. You are not worth a penny more than you can pay.

If this idea were more generally understood there would not be so many people who require explanation.

It is not until you have known Jones for a number of years, always regarding him as a stupid and surly creature, that Smith comes along and tells you what a good fellow he is. Acting on this information you proceed to draw Jones out, and you find that you have misjudged him. So you say; but I question the appropriateness of the remark. The responsibility is on Jones for not having appeared in his true colors.

If people only knew how they keep back what is best in them!

SILKEN CLOTHES-HANGERS.

They Have Advantages of Their Own and May Also Be Decorative.

Girls who like to practice new arts are making silken clothes-hangers for their men friends and themselves, says the New York Sun.

The ordinary wooden or metal hanger, it is found, rubs the lining of a fine coat or jacket often hung upon it. So the hanger is wound with soft silk or satin ribbons, applied so delicately as completely to cover the foundation, yet not add to the size.

A monogram embroidered in various shades of the same color or in a contrasting hue gives a fine finish to the implement. Thus a hanger wound in slate or dove color may have the decoration in silver; or, if wound in dark green, the monogram may be in light azure or delicate leaf green.

Girls of economical turn use bias strips of linen or holland instead of ribbons, embroidering the initials in linen floss instead of silk, and, if the hanger so covered is for feminine use, introduce a delicate perfume in the thinnest cotton wadding underneath.

Besides the dainty appearance of these domestic-made hangers, they serve a real need in summer, when the wood or metal is apt to stain the light lining of dress waists, particularly of walking or dancing costumes which have been subjected to the heat of the body.

Very many dress hangers now are made of aluminum, light to carry about and noncorrosive. Others are nickeled. Even wardrobe hooks are nickeled in order to prevent damage to delicate wearing apparel.

Welsh Eggs.

Place one ounce of butter in a small, clean stewpan. As soon as it melts slice into it a large onion and fry for three or four minutes. Then pour into it half a pint of milk and bring slowly to the boiling point. Thicken with one ounce of flour and one ounce of butter kneaded together and stir all one way until of the consistency of cream. Then add the well-beaten yolks of two eggs, half a teaspoonful of finely-minced parsley, pepper and salt to taste, one ounce of grated Dutch cheese. Make very hot, but do not allow the mixture to actually boil or it will curdle and be spoiled. Then supply four hard-boiled eggs cut into halves. Make hot again and add a little squeeze of lemon juice. Serve on a very hot dish garnished with fried croutons.—Washington Star.

Dessert Potatoes.

Select medium-sized potatoes of uniform size; scrub them well and cut a slice from top and bottom. Scoop out the center with an apple corer and fill the space with fresh sausage meat. Set in a pan, but not touching one another, and bake until potatoes are done. Serve them on tiny lace doilies with a sprig of cress or parsley stuck in the top of each one.—Washington Star.

HAPPENINGS IN NEW YORK

Men and Events That Are Making Gotham History.

Theatricals and Sports, Wealth and Poverty, Frivolity and the Churches of the Eastern Metropolis.

New York.—Stuart Robson at the time of his death was about to play a role that would more have endeared him to womankind than any he ever attempted.

Stuart Robson as "Mr. Pipp."

"The Education of Mr. Pipp" is the most successful series of pictures drawn by C. D. Gibson. It was dramatized—the first time in the history of the stage when a play was made out of a lot of pictures—and Robson, with his squeaky voice, with a stooping posture, with his inimitable conscious shyness, would have made more than a foil for the lovely creatures who were to have played the "Misses Pipp."

Gibsonitis is a disease like smallpox. The town, or rather that part of it which goes to high-priced theaters, would have made the thing a hit; no doubt of that. Now the invincible superstition that gets all theater men may make it "bad luck" to dramatize Gibson.

Robson was a loveable fellow. He should never have separated from Crane. Who that saw them can forget the two together in "The Henrietta," or fail to regret the grasping nature of managers who, even with the prices of tickets almost doubled, think two good actors one too many for one company?

"The Henrietta"—It sounds almost like ancient history now. You remember the character of the old Wall street man, Van Something-or-Other? That was an audacious stage attempt to portray a famous character from real life. It was W. H. Vanderbilt whom Crane represented. Point was given to the play by the fact that W. K. Vanderbilt had just made his disastrous venture into Wall street, and had been good-naturedly warned by his father to keep out. Young Vanderbilt had not, of course, like the villian of the play, tried to ruin the plans of his own father. That was merely a dramatic possibility. And it wasn't so very many years afterward that Wall street saw one day, with more amusement than alarm, the son of another famous financier openly bearing one of his father's specialties. So "The Henrietta" was only prophetically an exaggeration.

Bob Fitzsimmons' Money Gone.

The sporting public was surprised to learn upon the death of Mrs. Bob Fitzsimmons, once the beautiful Rose Julian, of the acrobatic stage, that her big husband is now in straitened circumstances.

Fitzsimmons Finds a Master.

It had been supposed that the Fitzsimmonses were well to do. Mrs. Fitz always looked out for her husband anxiously, and Bob has not been wild and unmanageable like most of his fraternity, but has shown himself fond of quiet domestic life. The former champion's own story is that he invested in copper, which would be enough to account for very complete and satisfactory poverty.

Down at Bath Beach there stands a pretty cottage which looks as if it might have been built for a bank cashier. Here the Fitzes lived in supposed affluence. The house is probably worth some $10,000. The property was in Mrs. Fitzsimmons' name, and as she died suddenly and made no will, her husband has only a life interest, the children being the heirs.

That is the financial outlook for the man who has made more than $500,000 in the ring, and who has been one of the most wonderful fighters of the age. For while Fitz was not long champion in the heavy class, people are in danger of forgetting that he is about the only big man living who could and did train to middle weight limits and meet all comers. The man who, after beating Jack Dempsey in the middle weights, could go out of his class and do up Creedon, Maher and Corbett, was a wonder.

Fitzsimmons is in good condition, barring his pathetic sorrow over his wife's death. More than most men he was dependent upon her in all practical matters. She was called a good business manager; Percy Williams, Fitz's manager, says that she had at one time as much as $200,000 in bank.

The Romance of a Country House.

Rare farmland in 1893, in 1898 the finest country house in America, in 1903 left to decay. If it will—such at five year intervals are three memoranda of the condition of Anson Phelps Stokes' famous "Shadowbrook" in the Lenox (Mass.) hills.

Just a Country Cottage.

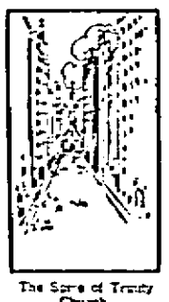
The estate is between 600 and 1,000 acres. The house is 400 feet long, rather low and rambling in proportion to its great length, though, of course, not really low. It is 125 feet wide at the widest point, the intersection of the great two-story hall. There are 40 "master bedrooms," besides rooms for servants. In all, over 100 rooms are provided for the mice and the destroying hand of time. There is a music room 60 feet by 40; the exterior is of stone and "half-timber," the beams blackened by black torches to simulate age. Such a house cannot be sold; people who buy million dollar country houses "ready made" are not numerous. It cannot, for similar reasons, be rented. It cannot profitably be turned into a hotel. The bedrooms are too large, the dining room not large enough. It is useless, except to the original owner, useless even to him when he tires of it.

Four years ago Mr. Stokes suffered an accident while riding horseback that compelled the amputation of a leg. No longer able to sit a horse, he removed to a new house upon Long Island and took to yachting for outdoor amusement. So the great house, its first coats of paint hardly yet shabby, stands vacant, a costly object lesson to those who are putting up bigger country houses such as no one can afford to buy.

In a single decade the "limit" of this costly game has been so raised that where a few years ago Shadowbrook, costing a million dollars, was with the possible exception of Biltmore, America's "crack" villa, the finest to-day, Mrs. Clarence Mackay's, represents an expenditure of about $5,000,000 in house and grounds.

The Fate of Trinity Building.

Down at the head of Wall street, where Trinity church lifts its beautiful spire into the air, vainly trying to overtop the business buildings that surround it, where smiles one of the most beautiful little graveyards in the world, there rises at the right an ancient looking, ivy-grown building that reminds me now as I look at it that the freaks of trade are almost as fanciful as those of country house builders.



The Spire of Trinity Church.

"Trinity Building" the great pile is called. People suppose that it belongs to the church, possibly has some connection with it. The gothic details of the architecture lend themselves to the thought, but it is not so. Here is a beautiful building that looks like a cloister and that is a hive of lawyers' and brokers' and real estate dealers' offices. It was designed by Upjohn, the architect of Trinity church and was built at the same time, 1851. For years it was H. B. Claflin's store. Then it was cut up into offices. Richard Croker had offices in it as long as he had any offices at all in this city. It was the home of the real estate exchange, scene of many exciting deals in the Aladdin growth of the city. Now it is to be supplanted by a 20-story structure that will tower above the spire of Trinity.

Across the street from the church is a solid-looking nine-story stone bank. This and the Tribune building were the first of the sky-scrapers; when I came to the city they were the only two, the wonder of the city. Now each is dwarfed by taller structures about it even as the old Trinity building, in its day the wonder of New York, was dwarfed by nine stories.

The new sky-scraper is to be the home of the Equitable life. The "old" building of this corporation goes back not much if any more than 20 years. It covers a whole block front of 200 feet, and is ten stories high. For years after 1880 the government maintained on its roof the weather bureau service, for which one of the tallest structures is necessarily selected.

Ten years ago the Pulitzer building of 22 stories, including the dome, was begun for the World. For a time it was the tallest in New York. Five years ago the Equitable was flanked by another insurance building 22 stories high. Three years ago the Park Row "Syndicate Building," 32 stories, counting the great towers, pushed its way up into the clouds, a huge mountain of masonry, surpassing everything of its kind in the world. Truly, to march in the procession one must be alert.

New York Is Coaching Mad.

Never have I known such a coaching season. Though wealthy people of leisure are departing in shoals for Europe, there are still seven coaches—"public" coaches, if one can stand the prices—running out of New York.

Wednesday Is Ladies' Coaching Day.

It is a curious fad. Anyone who has driven four horses professionally will testify that it is work; yet Messrs Hyde and Howlett make daily runs in alternation between New York and Lakewood, 70 miles away. That is "sporty."

Sporty also in another way is the run of the Westchester coach of George K. Dodge to and from the Westchester Country club every Wednesday. The start and finish are at the Plaza hotel—that unfortunate fire-story affair which is to be pulled down in its youth because it isn't tall enough to pay. And the sensational thing, on Wednesdays only, is that the coach is on that day reserved for women—even to the driver's seat.

There is a man, of course, Mr. Dodge himself usually, always some experienced whip, occupies a box seat; and there are, of course, the horn-tooters and servants generally, whatever they call 'em. But of course they do not count.

To see that coach bowl down through the crowded drives of Central park, dash across the thronged trolley-car infested Fifty-ninth street and draw up with a flourish and a tap-ta-ra-ra at the door of the Plaza, driven by a 90-pound girl sitting away aloft as serene as can be—why it surely is a sight worth seeing. And once a week it shines for all.

OWEN LANGDON.

Woman's Way.

"How came she to decide so suddenly not to belong to the 'Don't Worry' club?"

"She found that the rules would prohibit her from going to the bargain sales."—Judge.

THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS—For a contract of three months or less, twenty cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A SIX MONTHS' CONTRACT, fifteen cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A YEARLY CONTRACT, ten cents per column inch for each insertion.

In addition to the above all composition in display ads in excess of three minutes per inch, will be charged for at the rate of thirty cents per hour.

READING NOTICES.

READING NOTICES will be charged at ten cents per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

ALL NOTICES will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

AN'ADDRESS ON LINCOLN

(Continued from first page)

yours to have laid so costly a sacrifice upon the altar of freedom."

It is not the official acts of a man's life which he performs in the glare of publicity that reveals his deepest character, but what he does quietly and on his own responsibility.

Beneath the search light that shone out from his brain, a quiet flame of tender sympathy was ever burning on the altar of his heart.

And perhaps you all know of the sad, sweet story about the mother of little ten-year-old Abe, and how she left him her dying blessing.

The father sawed the wood and made the coffin that buried the little mother among the rugged scenes of early life in Kentucky. She laid her wan hand on the boy's head and said: "I am going away from you Abraham and shall not return. I know that you will be a good boy; that you will be kind to Sarah and to your father. I want you to live as I have taught you and to love your Heavenly Father." Precious words which the great president entrusted to Joshua F. Speed, one of his earliest and most timely friends. And I am glad that Abraham Lincoln was great enough to remember the words of his dying mother and did not forget the little grave they made that June morning in 1822 in the wilderness when he said to a company of gathered statesmen in the White House: "God bless my mother. All that I am, all that I hope to be, I owe to my angel mother."

It will be ingratitude if we as a people neglect to hold in grateful memory the mothers of our great leaders—however humble they may have been.

The fact that Abraham Lincoln attended school less than a single year in all his life is significant of his great natural powers, and the possibilities of self-education when you have the right sort of material to educate. Only small intellects need elaborate and long continued education. The power of independent thought and the right-of-way, unimpeded by too many books, are the best conditions of intellectual progress.

Today there are too many substitutes for individual thought. It is too easy to adopt the opinions and conclusions of other people and ride over vast areas of thought in a sleeping car. Few people are willing to take the trouble to think themselves through a proposition. Confidence in the opinions of somebody else is easier.

If Lincoln had been educated in the schools he would have gained much of technical knowledge and personal polish, but he would have lost that indefinable something that gave him his chief charm. Lincoln had a rugged naturalness that was the strength of his character. God Almighty laid him out like a Yosemite valley with surrounding mountain ranges and he needed no art to make him beautiful and sublime. Holland was right when he said: "Lincoln's poverty of books was the wealth of his life." His free spirit sprang to right conclusions while others were taking down their reference books and putting on their glasses.

Another fact made Abraham Lincoln a man of the people and gave him so much sympathy with the struggling masses. He was born in the deepest American poverty. But it was not Europ an poverty made servile by long ages of despotism. It was the poverty of the American wilderness. It was clean poverty, nothing but this could have made Abraham Lincoln possible. Some great lives have grown out of affluence. They are the exception. It has been among the hard necessities of common life that America has come to her greatest glory.

If the sainted Lincoln could speak from his place supernal today he would say "Don't close that speech without speaking to the grateful memory of the men who have so nobly responded to my call." My speech is all a tribute to their memory for who can separate the right from the left hand, the Army of the Republic from the commander of the army. Together will they stand in history as the force that saved the Union.

Baptist Church Sermons.

At the Baptist church the pastor begins two series of sermons next Sunday. A series of three sermons for the mornings on "What Was" "What Is" "What Shall Be" A series of four sermons on social life for the evenings on the themes, "The Young Woman," "The Young Man" "The Young Woman's Responsibility on Behalf of the Young Man" and "The Home, A Factor In Society." All are cordially invited to attend and participate in the services.

OF INTEREST TO THE DEAF.

A Statement to Parents, Guardians and Friends of Deaf Children.

The following article is from the pen of E. W. Walker Superintendent of the Wisconsin School for the Deaf at Delavan and is a plain statement that should be read with interest by those who have deafness in the family.

It is a common notion that the presence of a deaf child in any family constitutes a calamity in that family. While it is doubtless true that deafness is a serious misfortune, it is not true that it is a hopeless one. Deaf children can now be given so good an education that they may become self-supporting and respected men and women in any community. The Inspector of Schools for the Deaf in Wisconsin has estimated that there are now three hundred deaf children of school age who are not now nor ever have been in this institution or in any day school. This condition ought to be remedied. Surely, every deaf child of school age in the state ought to be in the day schools or in the institution. I ask of everyone who may chance to read this letter their help in making known to parents or guardians of deaf children the facilities Wisconsin has provided for the education of the deaf to the end that each child may grow to the highest manliness and womanliness.

In the Wisconsin State school for the Deaf at Delavan three purposes are kept constantly in mind, namely the training of the hand, the brain and the heart. For the fulfillment of the first purpose, a complete Manual Training course is given. For the boys this includes a thorough course in wood and iron work to which is added work in these trades: shoemaking, printing, cabinet and carpenter work. For the girls a complete course in plain and fancy sewing, dressmaking, and cooking is given. Some of the girls also take upprinting. Both boys and girls are given work in physical culture.

The second purpose is carried out by a complete academic course including all of the common branches. This course is a little more than equivalent to a common school course.

The training of the heart, that is establishing of a sound character for each pupil here is the constant goal of every teacher and officer in the institution. The many matrons, supervisors and nurses give constant attention to the habits of the children.

Each child can be given the best education if he is sent here early. The age of seven is recommended, though for very bright children six is better.

The state generously furnishes teachers, books school supplies, medical attendance, and board free of cost. Except in the case of indigents it expects the parent to furnish clothing, and transportation to and from school, and money for incidental expenses. The last item will amount to about five dollars for the entire year.

I shall be glad to enter into correspondence with parents or guardians having deaf children in charge. Anyone knowing of a deaf child not in school, will do a real piece of missionary work by informing me of that fact.

E. W. WALKER, Superintendent.

STANDARD OIL PIPE BREAKS.

Accident to Big Corporations Supply Tank Results in Loss of Kerosene.

The Standard Oil Company suffered a loss of nearly five thousand gallons of kerosene oil in a most peculiar manner here last Friday night. The company's warehouse and oil tank are located near a side track opposite the plant of the Wisconsin Veneer Company. Through the carelessness of some person a plank had been left lying across the track and a passing freight struck it while switching in the yards. A freight car was derailed just in front of the oil tank and struck the feed pipe through which the oil is forced from the supply tanks into the local tank for distribution. The pipe was broken and the contents of the tank poured out on the ground. People in the vicinity of the tank when the break occurred filled about every available receptacle at hand with the oil and some of them saved considerable of it. It is estimated that 5,000 gallons escaped from the tank.

Memorial Services.

Several hundred people attended the memorial services at the Armory last Sunday evening. Among those present were the members of John A. Logan Post G. A. R. and Co. L. of W. N. G. The program was a most interesting one. Aside from several musical numbers many of the clergymen present gave short addresses on the occasion. Rev. Geo. Babcock, of the Episcopal church, gave a short address of a very appropriate nature, in which he paid glowing tribute to the old soldiers and to the cause for which they fought and died. His delivery was good and his voice could be heard throughout the big hall, stirring the patriotism within the hearts of all his listeners. The exercises closed with the hymn, "My Country 'tis of Thee" which was sung by the audience.

Do You Want Timber?

There are splendid chances to get excellent timber claims in the west under the Timber and Stone Act. This act is likely to be repealed at the next session of Congress. The next year or so is likely to see the end of the opportunities to make the comfortable little sums of money so many have realized from taking government land. I have a few friends who are going in a body to take some yellow pine timber in eastern Washington. If you want to join the party write to me for information. EDWIN A. SNOW,

Washington State College,

5t m28 J16 Pullman, Wash.

Coming.

Captain and Mrs. Hillboro will conduct special meetings at the Salvation Army hall, Saturday, Sunday and Monday next. All are cordially invited to come and enjoy the Army meetings.

DOINGS AT HIGH SCHOOL

A spelling down match between the Juniors and Seniors was held at the high school last Friday. Douglas Anderson led the Juniors and Ethel Conlin the Seniors. The Seniors won easily and the match ended with Esther Newell the last one down.

F. W. Schule, one of the officials for the field meet, is the champion high hurdler of the United States. He will give an exhibition at the fair grounds Saturday afternoon.

The weather last Saturday caused the field meet to be postponed a week. This gives the contestants a week's more training and they have better chances Saturday.

Misses Agnes Cleary and Celia O'Brien and Masters McCarey and Cleary of the Antigo schools visited the high school Monday morning.

Frank Ashton was kept at home the fore part of the week with the toothache.

The Seventh and Eighth grades will entertain the high school Friday afternoon.

Miss Lillian Foster was absent from school Monday morning.

The Seniors held a class meeting Wednesday noon.

The disagreeable weather keeps many from school.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Recorded With the Register of Deeds for Week Ending Tuesday, May 26.

Following are the real estate transfers in Oneida County for the week ending Tuesday, May 26, as recorded in the office of the register of deeds:

James S. Timlin to the Western Town Lot Co., Lots 2 and 3 of Blk. 7 of Alban's second addition to city of Rhinelander	$1.00
Joseph Bell to Peter Berard, Lands in Sec. 20, Tp. 37, R. 6	$1.00
Kate Fier to J. W. Emerson, Lands in Sec. 3, Tp. 36, R. 5	$1.00
Alexander Stewart Lbr. Co. to J. W. Emerson, Lands in Sec. 27 and 34, Tp. 36 N. R. 5	$1.00
Wm. Desserlean to Henry Wahker, Lands in Sec. 26, Tp. 38 N. R. 7	$1.00
E. S. Shepard to Mrs. Mildred M. Shepard, city property	$250.00
T. W. Losie to Grant Hamilton, Lot 6, Blk. 1 of South Park addition	$350.00
E. H. Getchell to S. G. Tuttle and F. H. Johnson, all pine timber on government lot 5, Sec. 28, Tp. 37 N. R. 8	$85.00
Henry Wahker to Stevens Lbr. Co., Lands in Sec. 26, Tp. 38, R. 7	$165.00
Juliet Meyer Brown to Alice Sorenson, Lot 3, Blk. 11 of second addition to Rhinelander	$200.00
D. M. Hyde to August Ekhter, Jr., Lands in Sec. 12, Tp. 35 N. R. 10	$100.00
A. G. Stephenson to Louis Fried, Lot 1, Sec. 4 of Tp. 37 N. R. 6	$1.00
Luther C. Wood to Arthur F. Williams, Lot 2, Sec. 15, Tp. 39, R. 11	$1.00
Howard Reed to F. N. Shafer, Lot 4, Blk. 29, second addition to Rhinelander	$700.00

Memorial Day Programme.

At 10 o'clock, sharp, on the morning of Memorial day, Saturday, May 30, Logan Post and Co. L, 2nd Reg't., W. N. G., together with all Civic societies, public and parochial schools participating, will form a column at the Armory and march, preceded by the band, to the cemetery where the following programme will be observed:

1—Remarks by the commander.
2—Music by the band.
3—Prayer by the chaplain.
4—Reading of Lincoln's Gettysburg address, Judge L. J. Billings.
5—Address by Hon. W. E. Brown.
6—Official decoration by officer of the day.
7—Firing Squad—Salute the dead.
8—Music by the band—America.
9—Benediction.
10—Taps.

For a City Superintendent.

A bill recently passed by the legislature provides that in all cities in the state of the second, third and fourth classes with graded public and high schools, that a city superintendent be required and elected. Such election is to be made by the school boards. A person holding this office must be fully qualified for the position as to educational lines. He cannot hold any other public school office. The salary, if any, is to be fixed by the school board. As Rhinelander comes under the head of second-class cities it is expected that our school board will take up the matter in the near future. Supt. Mason has in his office a copy of the bill, together with other information regarding the same which those interested may be anxious to learn.

Mrs. Mary Colton of Chicago, Illinois, and her sister Mrs. Kuchera of Glenville, Minnesota, were here last week and purchased few acres of land north of Roosevelt of the Blue Grass Land Company. They are both very intelligent ladies, being prominent leaders among the Bohemians in their locality in church work and in social circles. They expect to bring a great many of their friends here this summer, who will select homes. They inspected the land around here very closely before buying and expressed themselves as being highly pleased with the country.

Ed. Flagg is up from Fulton, Ala. this week visiting with his Rhinelander friends. According to appearances the southern climate cannot agree with Ed. He says that he has lost nearly twenty pounds in weight since leaving the north.

Dr. and Mrs. T. B. McIndoe today purchased the two lots north of the S. H. Alban residence in the fourth ward and will erect a dwelling on them in the near future. The lots are two of the most desirable in the city and were purchasedd from E. S. Shepard.

Mrs. Fred. Ehlette of Lac du Flambeau visited last week with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Russell and family on the south side.

"SOO" LIMITED WRECKED.

East Bound Passenger Train No. 7 is Derailed Near Hermansville.

The east bound Atlantic limited train No. 7 on the "Soo" line was wrecked this morning near Hermansville station. It was on a still siding, a large tree had fallen across the track. The train was going at a high rate of speed when the obstacle was encountered. The engine, No. 500, one of the largest and most valuable passenger locomotives in the service of the road together with the three head coaches, rolled down a steep embankment and collected in a heap at the bottom, completely demolished. The engine was wrecked beyond repair as were also the three coaches.

There were fifty-one passengers on the train at the time, besides the train crew. Luckily no one was killed or badly hurt, except Express Messenger Hatton, who escaped with slight injuries. The train was in charge of Conductor Salft and Engineer Andrew Burrows, both old-time "Soo" railroad men. The financial loss to the company is said to be tremendous. Several hours elapsed before the track could be cleared, meantime a new engine was telegraphed for, which took the remainder of the train on east.

The accident delayed all east and west bound trains on the "Soo" this morning. The west bound limited due here a little after one o'clock did not arrive until noon.

HALL-SANDERSON WEDDING.

Ceremony is Quietly Performed at the Residence of Bride's Sister.

George E. Hall of Chicago and Miss Sarah G. Sanderson of Rhinelander were married Wednesday evening, May 27, at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Packard. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Alfred G. Wilson of the Congregational church. Mr. and Mrs. John Barnes were the only invited guests to witness the banns.

After listening for nearly two hours with unprecedented grace of patience and good nature to the most distracting and indescribable confusion of noises which could be produced by the inventive genius of a motley crowd of boys, but without response of any sort from within, the company was served with dainty refreshments, and the wedded pair departed for Chicago on the North-Western "Limited."

Mr. Hall is a gentleman of fine appearance and pleasing address. He is engaged in the publishing and advertising business in Chicago, where they will make their future home.

Mrs. Hall is a sister of Mrs. Dr. Packard and her many friends in Rhinelander will wish them a prosperous voyage on the matrimonial sea

Laundry Changes Hands.

The Model Steam Laundry owned and conducted by L. W. Hamel, was sold the first of the week to A. S. Bronson who will conduct the business in the future. Mr. Bronson recently returned from a two year's sojourn in the west and his action in purchasing the above plant may be plainly construed as indicating his abiding faith in Rhinelander as a city in which to engage in business. The Model laundry is a good business proposition for a live and up-to-date man. It has always been well patronized and the business can easily be increased by a little hustling. We predict for Mr. Bronson a liberal and generous patronage, which, we have no doubt, will be warranted by the work he will turn out.

For Free Delivery.

City Clerk Swedburg has already placed the city's order for 2500 nickle-plated numbers which will be attached to every residence or business building on platted ground within the city limits.

The system of numbering has been carried out carefully and every twenty feet of street line both in the residence and business portion of the city has an official number on file in the clerk's office. This move was made necessary in order that the city might be placed on the lists with those entitled to free mail delivery.

It is understood that the post office receipts have more than reached the figures required by law for the new service, and that the city is in readiness to carry out its part of the contract augurs well for the project.

R. W. Reed and wife of Ortonville, Minn., have been in the city during the week visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Richard Reed. They left this morning for Oshkosh where they will spend a couple of weeks. Before returning to Ortonville they will spend some time in Rhinelander.

Mr. Worden, of Worden Brothers of Hillsboro, this state, was in Rhinelander yesterday. Worden Bros. own and operate a large store at that place. They deal extensively in ginseng and furs.

Ed. Newcome of Mellen spent Sunday in the city the guest of his brother-in-law Thomas Melody. The gentleman is the proprietor of the Commercial House, Mellen's leading hostelry.

Gilbert Forsythe, the proprietor of the bank barber shop spent a few days of last week at his home in Medford.

Jake Segerstrom went to Crandon this morning on business.

A Hot Prophecy.

Herbert—Did you get what you wanted yesterday?

Horatio—Didn't even get what I deserved.

Herbert—You'll hardly get that in this world, you know. I should think you'd want to stave it off as long as possible.—Boston Transcript.

The Servant's Question.

Mrs. Newly Wed (from above)—Bridget, put the lemons on the ice so they won't get sour.

Bridget (to herself)—Is it anny wonder thot I asks dooble pay fer serving the loikes of thot?—Exchange.

Charity.

Charity itself commands us, where we know no ill, to think well of all. But friendship, that always goes a pitch higher, gives a man a peculiar right and claim to the good opinion of his friend.

Great men should think of opportunity and not of time. Time is the excuse of feeble minded and puzzled spirits.—Disraeli.

Taken Up.

Two Indian ponies, a bay mare and colt. Came to my enclosure Sunday. Owner will pay charges for this notice and take animals away. It SAM. MARKS.

To Cure a Cold In One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
April 29, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on June 12, 1903, viz: Emma McCrary formerly Gotchy, who made H. E. No. 8704, for Lots 6 and 7, Sec. 20 and Lot 1, Sec. 29, Tp. 39, R. 11 E.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Berry, Martin Weiss, C. W. Stafford, F. S. Campbell, all of Three Lakes, Wis. JOHN W. MILLER,

6t-a30-je4 Register.

DOCTOR SECRIST

THE SPECIALIST,

late from the most celebrated hospitals of Berlin, Germany, and Paris, France.

NO PAY Until Cured

New Method Treatment

In All Chronic Diseases

Consultation Sacredly Confidential, Examination and Advice Free.

DR. SECRIST

WILL VISIT

RHINELANDER AT ONEIDA HOUSE

Saturday, June 13,

all day and every four weeks thereafter for one day only.

The doctor's wonderful power of diagnosis, greatest of all gifts enables him to determine the causes of chronic ailments and to apply remedies which effect certain, speedy and permanent cures.

NO PAY UNTIL CURED.

X-Ray examinations in appropriate cases upon reasonable notice.

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED.

Many hundred sufferers pronounced by other physicians as hopelessly incurable, have been restored to health by Dr. Secrist.

Letters of endorsement from many prominent clergymen and hundreds of grateful patients are on file in his office.

The doctor has devoted much time and attention in the FRENCH HOSPITALS to the study of all

SPECIAL DISEASES OF MEN,

and has imported many special medicines and appliances necessary to effect certain cures in the worst cases of PHYSICAL WEAKNESS, VARICOCELE, IMPOTENCY, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Etc., caused by youthful errors, night losses, general dissipation, improper treatment and neglect.

The doctor will forfeit $500 where a cure is guaranteed and not effected.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER diseases treated by new and eminently successful methods.

CATARRH in all its various forms; positive prompt and permanent cures always effected.

CLUB FEET, cross eyes and all other deformities treated with special care and unfailing success.

NERVOUS DISEASES, Epilepsy and diseases of the blood and skin always yield to the doctor's modern method of treatment.

PILES cured permanently without detention from business and without the use of the knife.

LUNG TROUBLES receive careful attention, and are always treated successfully, when not too long neglected.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS—Those who are chronically ailing should lose no time in consulting a special physician whose reputation or skill is so well and widely known.

Special attention given to

DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

No unnecessary exposure. No examination. No sacrifice of modesty. The doctor does not publish his patients' names except with their full consent and approval. English, French and German spoken. Address

DR. H. C. SECRIST,
CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE.

Address all mail to Chicago office, 4714 Calumet Ave., Chicago. Established 1880.

Stops the Cough.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

Timber Land. Act June 3, 1878.—Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
WAUSAU, WISCONSIN, May 2, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Otto Krantz of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 246, for the purchase of the NE¼ NW¼ of Section No. 9 in Township No. 37 N., Range No. 11 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wisconsin, on Tuesday, the 14 day of July, 1903.

He names as witnesses: Carl Krueger, Robert Odhoff, George Dusel, Adolph Shandler all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 14 day of July, 1903. JOHN W. MILLER,

10t-m7-July3 Register.

Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.—Notice For Publication.

United States Land Office,
Wausau, Wisconsin,
March 28, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Clara Dusel of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 239, for the purchase of the NE¼ NE¼ of Section No. 7 in Township No. 37 N, Range No. 11 E, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wisconsin, on Thursday, the 11th day of June, 1903.

She names as witnesses: D. E. Briggs, Everett Towne, George Dusel and Otto Krantz, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 11th day of June, 1903. JOHN W. MILLER,

10t-a24 Register.

IN PROBATE, ONEIDA COUNTY COURT

In the matter of the estate of Oneida, deceased.

On application of Mary Moran administratrix of the estate of John Moran deceased for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to the persons by law entitled to the same:

IT IS ORDERED, That said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a special term of said court to be held at the county court rooms in Rhinelander in said county on the 23 day of June, 1903.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by this court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate, be by the further order and judgment of the Court, assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate be given to all persons interested, by publication of said notice for three successive weeks, before said day, in The New North, a weekly newspaper published at Rhinelander in said county.

Dated May 14, 1903.

By the Court,
LEVI J. BILLINGS,
County Judge.

4t-m21-je11

Bronchitis

"I have kept Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my house for a great many years. It is the best medicine in the world for coughs and colds."
J. C. Williams, Amica, N. Y.

All serious lung troubles begin with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this at first in a single night with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Use it also for bronchitis, hard colds, consumption.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows.

You should promptly correct any constipation or biliousness with Ayer's Pills, small, laxative doses.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

C. & N.-W. R'y Time Tables

SOUTH BOUND DEPART.

No. 2—10:48 a. m.	Daily, except Sunday
No. 4—11:15 p. m.	Daily
No. 20—4:15 p. m.	Sunday only

NORTH BOUND ARRIVE.

No. 17—1:22 p. m.	Daily, except Sunday
No. 11—3:30 a. m.	Daily
No. 31—2:30 p. m.	Sunday only

H. C. BREGER, AGENT.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

EAST BOUND.

Atlantic Limited	1:55 a. m.	Daily

WEST BOUND.

Pacific Limited	1:35 a. m.	Daily
Accommodation	7:00 a. m.	Dec. Sun.

Soo Line trains arrive and depart from C. M. & St. Paul depot in Minneapolis and Union depot, St. Paul, on and after Nov. 19, 1896. Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire, Duluth, Marinette, Menominee, Waupaca, Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond and all points on Wisconsin Central

H. F. TOMPKINS, Agent.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
April 29, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on June 12, 1903, viz: Casimir Joe Rocklewicz of Jennings, Wis., who made H. E. No. 9319, for the NW¼ SW¼ Sec. 32, Tp. 35 N., R. 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Edward Maus of Jennings, Wis.; Frank Gocke of Pelican Lake, Wis.; August Appelkamp of Pelican Lake, Wis.; John E. Eke of Pelican Lake, Wis.

6t-a30-je4 JOHN W. MILLER, Register.

Wisconsin Blue Grass Land Company

has the best choice of good farming land in Oneida and Vilas Counties.

PRICES LOW, EASY TERMS.

Special Inducements to Actual Settlers.

For maps and particulars write

Wisconsin Blue Grass Land Co.,
Rhinelander, Wis.

Office Shepard Building, next to First National Bank.

Blatz

MILWAUKEE.
"A BEER OF QUALITY"

THESE BEERS are brewed by the celebrated BLATZ process which accounts for the uniform purity and genuine beer goodnes represented in every bottle. There's that delicious flavor and rich creamy foam that is sure to captivate lovers of the beverage.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE

(NON-INTOXICATED)

TONIC for WEAK NERVES and WEAK BODIES

Druggists or Direct

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Sold only in Rhinelander at

"ONEIDA" SAMPLE ROOM,

JAMES WILSON, Prop.

The Lake Region Land Co.

RHINELANDER, WIS.

WE CAN SUPPLY THE HOMESEEKER with a good piece of land at a low price. We can supply the man who is looking for a tract of hardwood. If you what to invest in Northern Wisconsin lands or if you want to buy a farm on terms satisfactory to you, come and see us or write to

LAKE REGION LAND CO.

Rhinelander, Wis.

Bits of Local Gossip

Henry Miner was up from Pelican Lake Monday.

Miss Nettie Ballet returned from Antigo Monday.

Miss Elsie Flemming went to Ashland to visit yesterday.

Charles Carlson has accepted a position as clerk in the post office.

J. P. Hansen, the leading clothier in Rhinelander.

H. C. Braeger has been at Ashland several days of this week on business.

Miss Irene Abbott has returned to Eagle River to finish her term of school.

S. S. Miller went to Eagle River Tuesday morning to attend circuit court.

Rev. Geo. Babcock conducted Episcopal services at Eagle River Tuesday evening.

C. A. Wixson is in Chicago on business. He will return the latter part of the week.

Miss Ada McRae returned Tuesday morning from a short visit among friends at Antigo.

Mike Jennings went to Hackler the first of the week to work for the lumber company there.

James McGee of Port Washington has been the guest of relatives on the north side during the week.

Elmer Schellenger returned Wednesday morning from a week's visit in Minneapolis and St. Croix.

Miss Anna Wubker was here from Newbold a few days of this week visiting with Miss Laun Horn.

The Congregational Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the church parlors Wednesday afternoon, June 3.

J. W. Emerson of Prentice, a land man from Price county, who has many friends here, was a visitor Friday.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid society will meet with Mrs. Paysee on the east side Wednesday afternoon, June 3, at 3:00 o'clock.

Miss Wright of Beloit, a sister of Mrs. Chas. Crosby, arrived in the city the latter part of last week to visit for a short time.

Mrs. C. A. Chapman returned Tuesday morning from a visit of two days among friends in Kaukauna and Milwaukee.

County Judge Billings and Mayor Fred. Anderle spent a few days of the week at Tomahawk Lake at the Billings homestead.

Adlore Barney returned to this city from Woodruff Tuesday morning. His parents are managing a boarding house at that place.

Miss Evelyn Foster, who is teaching in the Cannon district, was unable to attend to her duties this week on account of la grippe.

WANTED—From 2,000 to 20,000 acres of wild and cut-over timber lands in Northern Wis. Address P. O. Lock Box 72, Cumberland, Wis. 4t-m14-jel

Miss Louise Michard of Rapid River, Mich., is a guest of her sisters Mrs. Frank LaFlage and Miss May Michaud this week. She returns to her home Friday.

Dr. Charles Gleason of Manitowoc was in Rhinelander yesterday on business and greeting his many friends and acquaintances. Mr. Gleason Will be remembered as a former High school principal.

Give the children Rocky Mountain Tea, this month, makes them strong, makes them eat, sleep, and grow. Good for the whole family. A spring tonic that makes sick people well. 35 cents. J. J. Reardon.

Mrs. May Christianson of Arbor Vitae and sister Miss Agnes Streeter, who has been teaching near this city, were in Rhinelander yesterday. Both went north on yesterday's afternoon train, Mrs. Christianson to her home and Miss Streeter to Hurley.

Conductor LaVene and his crew of the North-Western road are hauling logs from Crooked Lake to Antigo this week. From there they go to the mills of the Brooks & Ross Lumber Co., at Schofield. The crew lays over in this city during the day.

George Kelley who has been up in the Lake Superior region for several days was in the city yesterday on his way to State Line. George had with him a lake trout weighing twenty pounds which he captured in one of the lakes about sixteen miles north of Lake Superior. It was a fine specimen of fish and was greatly admired by those who saw it at the depot.

Wm. Ward of Oshkosh Sundayed in this city.

Jos. Campbell was over from State Line Friday.

Bud Morgan returned to Lac du Flambeau Friday.

James Kohn of Star Lake was in Rhinelander Friday.

J. B. Dunnigan, a Wausau man, was in the city last Friday.

Mike Glass has been here from Marinette during the week looking after his cigar manufacturing interests.

Mayor Hogan the chief executive of the city of Antigo was in the city last week.

The Memorial Day address this year will be delivered by the Hon. Webster E. Brown.

Lee Dana, who is engaged in the jewelry business at Antigo, was in our city last Friday.

Lewis Kelley and wife have returned from their wedding tour and are residing in this city.

Olaf Rosen, agent for the Blue Grass Land Co., in this city, went north on Friday's train.

Thomas Melody has purchased a residence on the south side and with his family will occupy the same.

The Abbott family returned Saturday from Greenwood where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Abbott.

Mrs. Carl Krueger and little daughter Helen returned last Saturday from a ten days' visit at Wausau.

Jessie Seguine, wife and baby returned from Green Bay Friday where they spent several weeks among relatives.

Mrs. W. L. Beers returned to the "Soo" Friday, after spending a week here among relatives and former acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. Kleckner of Woodruff were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Reardon here the latter part of the week.

M. W. Lloyd was at Woodruff and Minocqua last week looking after the Land, Log & Lumber Company's interests.

John Anderson went to Duluth, Minn., Friday afternoon where he will work in one of the saw mills during the summer.

The Vilas county circuit court convened at Eagle River Monday. Attorneys John Barnes and A. W. Shelton were in attendance.

Fred. Pecore returned to Three Lakes Tuesday morning after spending a few days at his home here. Fred. has charge of the lath mill there.

Miss Nona Whiting, who has been teaching at Manitowish, returned Tuesday morning to her home here. Her school has closed for the summer months.

Miss Mabel Keeble and brother Charles went to Chicago Saturday to visit with their parents and other relatives. They will be absent only a few days.

Martin Flannigan of Kaukauna was in Rhinelander the latter part of the week visiting among acquaintances of whom he has many. Mr. Flannigan formerly held a position in the office of the Kaukauna Sun.

Spring laziness, legs ache, back aches, feel tired, no ambition, no appetite, all run down feeling. Rocky Mountain Tea puts new life into your body; you feel good all over. 35 cents. J. J. Reardon.

Dr. P. R. Stewart left Monday morning over the "Soo" for his late home in Lake Nebagamon. He will remain there for a few days straightening up affairs and getting his family and household effects in readiness for their removal to this city.

Glenn Foss, one of the popular young men from Tomahawk, arrived in the city Saturday morning to attend the field meet. He remained over Sunday. Mr. Foss is in his Senior year at the Tomahawk High school and has many acquaintances here.

Paul Browne and J. J. Reardon left Monday for Tomah where they represented Rhinelander at the State shooting tournament which took place there Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. Both men are crack shots and they showed up in their usual good form.

The second base ball team of this city, composed mostly of young men, went to Minocqua Sunday and in the afternoon played against the Minocqua boys. The score stood 10 to 15 in favor of Minocqua. The contest is said to have been a good one and both teams played good ball. A return game will be played here next Sunday at Keenan's park.

John Van Hecke the Merrill lawyer was in the city yesterday.

Dan Shea, the logger from Merrill, was in Rhinelander Sunday.

Highest prices paid for raw furs and skins at Lindegren Bros. 41-m25-jel1

James Oberholtzer, the efficient district game warden, was over from Eagle River Saturday.

Orlo M. Stevens has been obliged to abandon his work at high school on account of weak eyes.

Senator D. E. Riordan was in Rhinelander Friday. He was on his way from Madison to Eagle River.

Messrs. Jolin and Kendutch and the Misses Bertha Sweet and Mamie Atkinson spent Sunday at Lake George.

A number of young people from this city drove to Woodboro Sunday where they spent a good portion of the day.

Andy J. Bolger was in Rhinelander for a few hours Monday. He returned to his home in Minocqua in the afternoon.

Nels Evenson is now on the road traveling for a Grand Rapids shirt house. He will make his headquarters in this city.

Mrs. Kate Pier and daughter Harriet of Milwaukee were in the city during the first part of the week on land business.

Miss Lucy Stevens, who has been teaching in one of the district schools near this city, returned to her home in Eagle River last Thursday.

James Watterson of Elgin, Minn., was in the city Sunday and spent the day with friends. Mr. Watterson is the owner of a large general store at Elgin.

Frank Langdon has gone to Gladstone, Mich., where he has accepted a position as office boy in the office of the chief train dispatcher of the "Soo" Line.

Harve Selleck, proprietor of the Minocqua house, Minocqua's popular hostelry was in the city on business last Thursday. Harve has many acquaintances here.

Miss Margaret Slesler arrived in the city from Tony Thursday and will reside here during the summer. At Tony she made her home with her sister, Mrs. Bert Prior.

A. Kincaid has a small patch of ground off of which he expects to raise about fifteen hundred quarts of strawberries this season. He is looking forward to the banner crop of the season.

Mrs. Barney McCary and family came up from their home at Antigo Saturday for a short visit among old friends. The McCarys are well known here, having made this city their home some years ago. Mr. McCary is one of the oldest trainmen in the employ of the North-Western road.

The funeral of little Anna Farley was conducted last Friday afternoon in the school building at Monico. It was largely attended, many friends of the family along the North-Western Line being present. Among those who attended from here were Felix Dolan, Mike Kearns, F. A. Hildebrand.

Mrs. A. G. Wilson, Mrs. C. W. Chatterton and Mrs. Jenkinson entertained Friday afternoon at the Wilson home. About sixty of the ladies' friends were in attendance. The house was very prettily decorated. Refreshments were served at the close of the afternoon by four young ladies.

Miss Vira Shields of Alden, Iowa, is in the city visiting with her sister Mrs. Hoefner on Anderson street. Miss Shields has many friends here having taught school in the Town of Pelican about a year ago. She has returned from Minneapolis where she spent some time visiting with the Reed family.

Lowell Bemmickson and Charles Simons, the two small pox patients who have been confined in the pest house, were discharged last Saturday. The building has now been closed and it is thought that the city will not be bothered with patients again this season. Both Bemmickson and Simons had the disease in a light form, although each was badly broken out.

Winninger Bros. will open a week's engagement at the opera house Monday, June 1. The company will present "Nature's Nobleman" the opening night. The company carries a band and orchestra. Ladies free with one paid ticket Monday night. The company's repertoire includes "Jim the Westerner," "Indiana Folks," "Two Friends," "Chimes of Notre Dame," "Heart of the Sierras" and "To Save Her Honor."

The fishing season opened Monday.

Saturday is Memorial Day a legal holiday.

Miss Cuvier of Monico spent Sunday here.

Fred Hansen of Tomahawk was in the city Saturday.

O. P. Knold of Birnamwood was a city caller Saturday.

Matt. Stapleton and father spent Monday land looking in the county.

Mrs. J. W. Richardson of Tomahawk visited with friends here last week.

Miss Sadie Hamilton was down from Lac du Flambeau and spent Sunday.

Mrs. Green of Monico spent Sunday here with her daughter Mrs. James Murphy.

Curly Phelps is numbered among the sick this week. He is suffering with the rheumatism.

Mrs. Kirby Jillson, and Mrs. Osley and mother of Monico did shopping in Rhinelander Tuesday of this week.

Master Joe Daniels is ill at St. Mary's hospital with scarlet fever. His many little friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Doris Bronson has now nearly recovered from her recent illness, which news is very gratifying to the little girl's many friends.

WANTED—From 2,000 to 20,000 acres of wild and cut-over timber lands in Northern Wis. Address P. O. Lock Box 72, Cumberland, Wis. 4t-m11-jel

Miss Agnes Cleary spent Sunday in Rhinelander the guest of her friend Miss Cecil O'Brien. The young lady is the daughter of Postmaster Cleary of Antigo.

The Rhinelander orchestra played for a dance given by the Woodman lodge at Woodboro Saturday night. A small number from here attended the affair.

Miss Fae Shafer departs within a few days for the Sand Lake resort, near Eagle River, where she will spend the summer with her friends Mr. and Mrs. Seth Kimball.

Maud—Last night Jack told me that he wouldn't marry the best girl living, unless—what—unless she took Rocky Mountain Tea. Sensible fellow. 35 cents. J. J. Reardon.

WANTED—First-class woman cook and two competent girls for summer resort. Best of wages paid.
A. E. Doolittle.
31-m21-j4. Woodruff Wis.

Miss Gertrude Hanks was up from Antigo Saturday and Sunday for a visit among her many Rhinelander acquaintances. Miss Hanks is the operator for the Wisconsin Telephone Company at Antigo.

Bert Watts, Thomas McDermott, Felix Dolan and Mike Wheeler attended a dance given at the Beach Hotel at Pelican Lake Saturday night. The affair marked the opening of this popular hostelry for the summer season.

George Stevens was here from Atlanta Saturday and Sunday for a short stay with his family. George holds a responsible position with the Arpin Lumber Co., as superintendant of their large mill interests at Atlanta. He went back Monday morning.

H. C. Day returned from Grand Rapids Saturday night. He remained here over Sunday and departed Monday morning with his wife for Crandon where he has a good position in a bakery. Their household goods will follow within a few days.

The field meet between the Rhinelander and Antigo High school athletic teams which was to have come off here last Saturday afternoon was postponed on account of rain. The event will no doubt take place this coming Saturday providing the weather is favorable.

Matt. Stapleton was passing cigars around among his friends during the fore part of the week and it was easy to note by the smile which gladdened his countenance that Matt was by far the happiest man in Rhinelander. But then he had every license to be so for a baby girl arrived at his home early Sunday morning.

Ole G. Olson, who is superintending the work at the Brooks & Ross hoist at Crooked Lake Spur, this county, was in the city the first of the week looking for men. The logs were cut by Charles Hodgdon the past winter and are being railed in to the B. & R. mills at Schofield at the rate of 50,000 feet daily. Twenty-four men are employed by Mr. Olson. The work has been retarded by the wet weather. The company has 1,000,000 feet of logs in the lake now.

CRUSOE'S Dep't Store

Aluminum drinking cups	Garden Sets for children—Rake, Hoe, Spade, good size, set	Good Pearl Buttons, assorted sizes, per dozen	American Girl Shoes—few left to close at
10c	25c	5c	1.00
Household ammonia per quart bottle	30 feet of fancy shelf paper	Little Black Kid Shoes, 2 to 5	Memorial Day. Saturday 30th, store will be closed all day
10c	5c	45c	

Miss Mary Holland is ill with scarlet fever.

Dr. C. H. O'Conner and wife spent Sunday at Eagle River, Mr. O'Conner's old home. They returned Monday noon.

John Greisheimer of Antigo, superintendent of the Kellogg mill interests was in the city Sunday. He visited with his daughter Mrs. Emmett Harrigan.

Ruelen Panabaker is working in Judge Albon's office. The young man expects to leave in the near future for Mount Clemens, Mich., where he will take the baths in hopes of regaining the use of his lower limbs.

Mrs. Strope departed Monday morning for Plover and Stevens Point where she will spend the summer. While here she made her home with her daughter Mrs D. J. Cole. She is also the mother of Frank Strope of this city.

Charles Carlson is home from the business university at Wausau where he finished a complete commercial course. His parents are now residing in the west but he will remain here during the summer and perhaps providing he secures a permanent position.

John Dorr was at Woodruff Sunday looking the place over in view of opening up a meat market. He secured a desirable location. Mr. Dorr worked for E. C. Vessey & Son here as meat cutter for over a year and is well versed in the business.

The public school at Monico closes Friday (to morrow) for the summer vacation. Six pupils will finish the eighth grade there this year. The majority of these children will enter the Rhinelander High school in September. Miss Anna Plunkett, the teacher will spend her vacation at her home in this city.

District schools numbers two and three, in the vicinity of Lake George closed Friday afternoon. The occasion was marked with a big picnic, which was attended by about seventy-five pupils and parents. The teachers, Miss Alice Walsh and Anna Jennings have returned to the city. Both finished a very successful term.

Frank Tobin of this city who is driving team for the Brooks & Ross Lumber Co., at Crooked Lake Spur, met with a very painful but not serious accident last week. He was doctoring a fractious horse and was kicked on the knee. We are glad to state that he is getting along fine and improving rapidly under the care of Dr. Jas. Sheehan.

F. W. Schule, physical director of the Wausau High school and a well known Wisconsin athlete, was up from Wausau Saturday to act as one of the judges at the Antigo-Rhinelander field meet. The event having been declared off he returned home on the afternoon passenger train. Mr. Schule holds the world's record for the highest hurdle jump.

W. D. Lambert, one of the well known young men of Tomahawk, was in the city Sunday, coming over with the base ball team. Mr. Lambert is managing editor of The Tomahawk, the Hatchet City's leading newspaper, and is getting out a sheet that does credit to that city and vicinity. While here he made the rounds of the printing offices and The New North acknowledges a pleasant call.

Assistant Superintendent Costly and Trainmaster David VanHecke of the North-Western line were in the city Friday morning. Mr. Van Hecke has lately been promoted to the responsible position which he now holds, having formerly been chief clerk in the general offices at Kaukauna. He is a brother to John Van Hecke the well known Merrill attorney.

The baggagemen at both the "Soo" and North-Western depots are kept hustling now-a-days on account of the extra amount of baggage which always accumulates at this season of the year. The traveling men are all out in force with their big sample trunks full of fall and winter goods. These trunks are heavily packed and usually weigh between two and three hundred pounds.

Charles Evenson, a brother of Nels Evenson of this city, died Sunday morning at Las Vegas, N. M., where he had been for several months in hopes of regaining his health. The cause of his demise was consumption. The remains were brought to Wausau where the funeral will be held this afternoon. Nels Evenson went down the first of the week. The deceased was at one time engaged in the clothing business at Wausau. He has visited Rhinelander several times and has a number of friends here.

STATIONERY!

THERE is nothing more satisfying than good stationery—good writing paper and good envelopes. The knowledge that the paper being used is first-class seems to inspire the writer, whether the letter be to wife, sweetheart, home or simply one of business. There is satisfaction, too, in knowing it is the proper thing from a society standpoint, for no one likes to be a back number. You can get the right kind of stationery of C. D. Bronson, in all the fashionable styles, sizes and styles and at a price at which others sell old and inferior stock.

THE LATEST PERIODICALS

and the Daily Papers are received and promptly delivered to patrons. Good books, too, in fact anything and everything in the reading line.

C. D. BRONSON, Stationer.

WINNINGER BROS.

June 1st to 6th. Prices 10, 20 and 30c.

LADIES FREE WITH ONE PAID TICKET OPENING NIGHT.

Reardon's Carbolic Salve.

A Scientific combination of Antiseptic and Healing Remedies.

COST HALF AS MUCH

as the advertised "Salves" and "Ointments" with double their healing value. A liberal size bottle for 10c, double the size for 15c. Try it for any skin trouble.

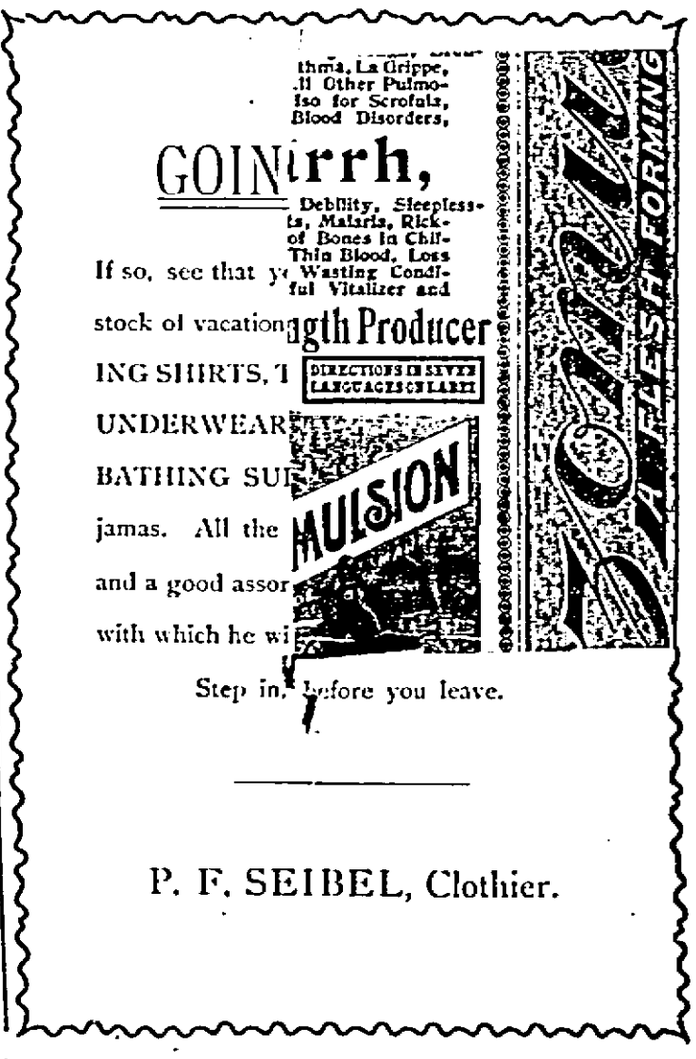
If you live in any of the small towns adjacent to Rhinelander send to me for your drug wants. All orders shipped on first train. Two cent stamps accepted as cash for mail order.

J. J. REARDON,
RHINELANDER WIS

L. Emmerling.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, FISH AND GAME.

Orders by Telephone promptly filled. We deliver to any part of the city.



If so, see that ye
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Step in, before you leave.

P. F. SEIBEL, Clothier.

SILK PARASOLS

ALL SHADES AND COLORS. PRICES 15c UP TO $7.00.

Get ready for the sunshine. We have had about as much rain as we had coming to us. Buy a parasol.

HOSIERY

A most complete line for Ladies, Misses and Children at very reasonable prices, all fast colors and warranted to wear. See them.

SOLBERG & KOLDEN.

THE OLD RELIABLE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

THE STORY TELLER

HOW DINWIDDIE COUNTY WAS ORGANIZED

By CALVIN GOODRICH

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"THAT puts me in mind," interrupted Capt. Baggs, "of the organization of Dinwiddie county."

Our somewhat contentious conversation concerned the relative merits of Kaffir and common corn for fattening purposes. The pertinence of Capt. Baggs' recollections was often startling. For instance, the subject of Herefords would suggest to his mind the exactions of the shoe trust, and a simple assertion that it was "gittin' 'bout the time for buckwheat cakes to git up" recalled the Ashtabula wreck. Shifting his feet from the bricks, which held one corner of the stove in precarious security, to the edge of the grocer's counter, thus effectually cutting off escape except by the window, Baggs proceeded with the narration of the early annals of Dinwiddie county.

"It was a dry season at New Athens, a name, by the way, which supplanted the vulgar one of Cowtail Springs. I hadn't sold a single lot in Baggs addition. What with tourists ceasin' to yearn for high life on our well-trained buckin' broncbos, and the low-down report of a couple of special examiners for a Dutch syndicate we'd done some business with, New Athens was duller than a hired hand's razor. It was Bob McIntosh hatched the scheme. Bob was allays a-thinkin' up new enterprises, and could promote a north and south pole railroad as easy as findin' a man to drink with you. Back in Ohio, where he come from, Bob invented a patent collection plate. It was a hard-shell community and loosened like a bank vault door on rusty hinges. He

THE NOMINATION WAS MADE UNANIMOUS.

put the contraption in the church just to test it. Along about the third hime tune the sexton 'd pull a lever back of the pulpit, and in front of every body in the congregation a little plate 'd shoot out. It would hit the children on the head and the fat people in the stomachs, but she'd stay out till you put a coin in the slot. You'd hear the nickels go rattlin' down the trough, and then the plate 'd fold back like something human. It called attention to the tight members and those what was asleep. It made McIntosh so unpop'lar he had to git out of town.

"Well, he called a bunch of us what was anxious to see the country open up livlier into his office one mornin'. The day after the conference we drev out of town in a covered wagon. We went 'bout a hundred and fifty miles, or maybe sixty, west of New Athens, into the country where they tell the story 'bout the ranchman haulin' water. When he was asked how far he had to pack it he said, 'Seven miles.'

"'Why, good Lord man,' says the other feller, 'why don't you dig a well?'

"'What's the use,' he answers, 'it's jest as far one way as the other!'

"McIntosh kept consultin' a map and finally he reckoned we'd gone far enough. So we pitched camp and the next mornin' proceeded to business.

"'The first thing is to hold an election,' he says. 'Ma time is sut'nly worth somethin', an' seein' as you all ain't paid me fer that cookin' yit I jest fixes the price of my autograph at a quarrah.'

"We chased around and raked up enough to buy McIntosh a outfit, and he sailed for London to place the bonds. That was the last we ever see of him. We held on, hopin' he'd make a stake and show up. Finally things was in such shape you couldn't raise an average of three drinks a week, though on account of the hard times the freight-age was split to two for 15 cents. One spring day, 'bout two years after Mac left, a agent showed up from England lookin' for the officers of Dinwiddie county. We never let on that we knowed a thing, but asked what for he wanted 'em.

"'Why, you know,' says he, 'I want to collect the interest on some school bonds now two years accerted, and some way, you know, I can't find the responsible parties.'

"We got out of him that McIntosh had sold them bonds for $65,000 gold. Maybe we wasn't sore, but we wasn't anything beside Mac's wife, what had been keepin' us as boarders, expectin' any day to see her husband float in with a big roll and take her back to her folks in Ohio. We'd promise to pay her with our share in the bond sale. When her fit was wore out givin' it to Mac's soul she turned on us and demanded her board money. We didn't know what to do, for we couldn't one of us put up the fare to Blue Butte, the station out of town.

"At Judge Wiggin's suggestion, however, we all had a game of hearts over the question, and the loser, what was Scott Thomas, married the widow and cancelled the debt."

"'I nominate one who it ain't necessary to waste no words on,' says Scott Thomas, risin' up and addressin' the convention 'bout the camp-fire, 'fer treasurer of this yere county—by the way, what name be ye goin' to give it?'

"'I reckon thought Dinwiddie would be 'bout the size,' McIntosh replies, 'after the battle of Dinwiddie courthouse, and because it has a good mouthful like sound.'

"'Jest so,' says Scott, goin' on, 'the envious record of our feller county citizen is knowed to everybody as well as his high and unqualified abilities to fulfill the position of treasurer of Dinwiddie county. So I nominate the Hon. Robert McIntosh, late of Ohio, and I reckon no galoot in this yere convention has nerve enough to present another candidate.'

"The nomination was made unanimous and other officers was nominated. Scott Thomas was made prosecuting attorney. I was put up for sheriff, and Doc Tobie for clerk, and the rest of the offices arranged for. It is amazin' to think how our whole ticket was carried without a dissentin' vote. Every man was elected with surprisin' unanimity in 'bout two minutes.

"We had a little rally with the help of some liquorids stowed away in the wagon and Mac made us a speech. Says he:

"'Gentlemen, we have taken a mighty step in the spreadin' of civilization and the rights and delights of liberty. We have launched a hegira of commerce, the immensity of what it appalls me, gentlemen, to attempt to grasp hold of. I transfer this yere waste of buffalo grass and Texas ticks dotted with the homes of happy settlers, traversed with macad-e-mized pikes convergin' in populous marts and forums. This election to-day will go echoin' down the corridors of time like a steam calliope, and perpetuate our memories along-side of Julius Ceasar and John C. Calhoun. I guess that's 'bout all I got to say.'

"Scott Thomas wanted to make a speech, but we wouldn't let him. In the afternoon we hitched up and started back to New Athens. Just as we was crossin' the county line Doc Tobie hollers out, 'Hold on, boys, we ain't got no auditor.'

"Sure 'nough, we'd plumb forgot 'bout that office, and then we was throwed into a mess beeuz every man had an office already, and the law, so Tobie insisted, forbid a feller holdin' more than one public job at a time. At last I says, 'How 'bout the nigger?'

"Without gittin' out of the wagon we nominated and elected the Cook county auditor, and right well did the blasted coyote appreciate the honor. As soon as we got home Mac printed some $1,000 school bonds. We had a devil of a time with the auditor, for he held us up for a quarter every time he made the hen tracks what stood for his name. A threat to impeach him never fazed him.

"'I didn't have nothin' to dot wi' it,' he says. 'Ma time is sut'nly wuth somethin', an' seein' as you all ain't paid me fer that cookin' yit I jest fixes the price of my autograph at a quarrah.'

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INDIANS TO GET MONEY.

Nearly Two Million Dollars to Be Divided Among 6,000 Red Men In New York State.

The interior department, through Indian Commissioner Jones, is making preparations to pay $1,995,744 to the Six Nations Indians of New York state, awarded to them by congress three years ago, as the result of their famous Kansas land claim against the United States government. The Indians who will receive the money number about 6,000 and are included in the Onondagas, Oneidas, Cayugas, Senecas, St. Regis, Tuscaroras, Stockbridges, Munsees and Brothertowns tribes. Each individual will receive approximately $300, and the money will be paid by check to prevent frauds, says a Washington report.

The history of the Six Nations' claim against the government is interesting and shows another attempt of the white man to cheat the redskin out of what was rightfully his. Several historical documents of almost priceless value figure in the case.

One of the documents is a sheepskin parchment, dated 1792, and signed "Knox, Secretary of War." This paper was issued during Washington's administration. The paper is addressed "To the Sachems, Chiefs and Warriors of the Six Nations," and is a request from the government for the Indians to hold a convention and sign a treaty with the newly established commonwealth wrested from Great Britain. As a result of this the treaty with the New York Indians of 1794 was signed which brought peace to the western boundaries of the infant republic.

The second document is dated "War Department, May 11, 1798," and is signed "Joseph W. Henry, Secretary of War." It is a statement from Uncle Sam, showing that the sum of $100,000 had been received on deposit from the Six Nations at the United States treasury. Both of these papers are originals and very valuable. The $100,000 referred to is the sum received by the Indians from Robert Morris, the Philadelphia capitalist, for 5,000,000 acres of the richest land in New York state. In 1797, when Morris bought the land, he paid for it at the rate of two cents an acre.

The Kansas claim originated in 1838, although nothing was heard of it at that time. In that year the New York Indians decided to move west and purchased 500,000 acres of land in Wisconsin. For some reason they did not make the trip and the same year the Indians traded the land in Wisconsin to the government for 1,824,000 acres of land in Kansas.

A project to settle on this land also fell through, and the Indians did not go to Kansas. In 1860, when the portion of Kansas where the land lay was opened for settlement, white men took up the Indians' land and in 1872 congress passed a law to sell the Indians' land in Kansas to white settlers, in spite of the fact that 40 years before they had given this land to the Indians. After 20 years of constant efforts congress in 1900 passed the law authorizing the payment of nearly $2,000,000 for the land in dispute.

The Six Nations, now numbering about 6,000, still retain 52,000 acres in the richest part of New York state. They are wealthy and industrious, and have in the United States treasury a large sum of money. The $100,000 obtained from Robert Morris in 1797 is still untouched and to that has been added by various sales of land sums which have made the total nearly $220,000, on which the Indians annually draw interest.

WOMAN PRISON CHAPLAIN.

Ministers Regularly to the Hardened Characters Confined in Laramie (Wyo.) Jail.

The only woman in the world engaged as chaplain in a prison is Mrs. May Preston Slosson, of Wyoming, and she performs her duties with a zeal that is worthy of all praise. She is a regularly ordained minister of the Gospel and might be settled over a prosperous church, but she sees her duty lies among the convicts at Laramie and has chosen that as her field of effort, reports the Chicago Chronicle.

Mrs. Slosson received the first degree granted to a woman at Cornell university, where she worked for two years after she had received the master's degree at Hillsdale college, Michigan.

After graduating she accepted the professorship of Greek at Hastings college, Nebraska, and was married in 1891 to Prof. Edwin E. Slosson, professor of chemistry at the University of Wyoming in Laramie.

In Wyoming the prisoners of the state penitentiary were at one time kept without work on account of the opposition of the trades unions to their employment. Men deprived of the saving grace of work, no matter to what part of the community they belong, soon become thrown out of their balance. That happened to the prisoners, who got into a peculiarly morbid and unruly condition.

It was in that frame of mind that Mrs. Slosson conceived the idea which the authorities permitted her to put into practice. She arranged for a series of Sunday afternoon talks and experimental lectures by the professors of the university.

She herself gave two lectures before the convicts, and when the minister who was acting as the chaplain left the town the prisoners petitioned the governor to appoint her chaplain. He acceded to the request, and since July, 1899, she has filled the office not only to the satisfaction of the authorities, but, what is more important, to the satisfaction of those who are the enforced members of her congregation.

The prisoners number some 220 and consist for the most part of young men who have gone west from a spirit of adventure and have got into trouble either through drink or from "getting the brand on the wrong cattle," as cattle stealing is euphoniously referred to by the men themselves.

Vicious.

Lucilla—It is said that beautiful women depend wholly on their looks for social success.

Caroline—Perhaps that is true. It is not every girl that can talk as entertainingly as you, dear.—Kansas City Journal.

HOUSE THE HOLD

DUCHESS IN SLUMS.

Her Grace of Newcastle Lives in Whitechapel, the Most Benighted Part of London.

The rich and handsome dowager duchess of Newcastle, who lives by preference in Whitechapel, London's worst slum, has at last consented to tell the story of her slum life. She's not intellectual, at least she says she isn't, but she tells a good story of her home in Whitechapel in the current number of the Pall Mall magazine, and, furthermore, she has given us a few pleasant opportunities to see how she lives. Her grace says among other things that she thinks there is more morality on the Whitechapel side of London than in the West end. She says she never began to know the value of money until she moved from Mayfair. She thinks it would do society good if they'd give up comfort for a part of their time and see how high their income seemed when spent in Whitechapel on Whitechapel proportions.

The duchess is an English edition of Jane Addams. Philanthropy has found in her grace an ardent advocate. When she forsook society for the poor, the duchess was thought of merely as a beautiful and rich woman. Ten years of Whitechapel life have shaken her up considerably, and the English have begun to take her seriously.

While Miss Addams is a student of economics, the duchess is urging people to go to mass. She visits the sick and befriends the orphan. Committees galore claim her grace as a member, and she's very much in with the clergy of the Catholic church. Even the pope recognizes in the widow of the late duke of Newcastle a valiant ally, and when she visits her daughter, Princess Doria, in Rome, as she is doing now, all sorts of favor is shown to her in high places, all of which is very different from Miss

DUCHESS OF NEWCASTLE.

Addams, far removed as her life is from formalism.

But the two are in some ways alike. The duchess is much older than Miss Addams, although she looks nearer 40 than 60. In expression, these women resemble each other closely. They seem to have absorbed the same calming influences from their contact with the slums. In fresh coloring they are alike and in full figure, while I was struck by their similarity of taste in dress. The last time I saw Miss Addams she wore a severely plain tailor-made gown, from which the duchess might easily have copied the dress she has had on every time I have met her. The Englishwoman and the American are both simple of manner and gentle voiced. Each is fired by the same motive—an overwhelming sympathy for the world's under dog.

The dowager duchess of Newcastle has been twice married. Her second husband, a musician and a man without a title, died before her grace went into philanthropy. She kept her title by courtesy. It's a title, by the way, that May Yohe might one day have had if she had stuck by Lord Francis Hope. For Lord Francis is heir to the present duke of Newcastle and is the younger son of the woman who looks like Jane Addams.

Formalism is a fad with most of the Newcastlers. The little lame duke is a high church Anglican, almost a Roman Catholic, like his mother, who left the English church to go to Rome. The chapel attached to Clumber, the family place in the north of England, is the finest private place of worship in England, but the uninitiated would think it Roman Catholic, not Anglican. The duke has some democratic tendencies. For instance, he taught his little nephew's governess to ride the bicycle, and trotted along beside her day by day regardless of the weather. The pupil, moreover, was neither young nor beautiful. His grace was merely kind.—Lady Mary, in Chicago Chronicle.

How to Make Kalsomine.

One pound of uncolored gelatine glue, as free from grease as possible, is soaked over night in cold water sufficient to cover the glue. Thirty pounds of English cliffstone Paris white, bolted or best bolted gilders' whiting, is also soaked in sufficient water to make a paste over night and next morning both are heated with steam or over a moderate fire in a water bath to the boiling point and when the glue is fully dissolved the two materials are thoroughly mixed. In summer time on cooling, a small portion of carbolic acid, say about one-eighth of an ounce, diluted with water, is added for each pound of glue used in the aforesaid formula to keep it from souring, and in this way the kalsomine will keep for some weeks. It is said that the workmen rather like this preparation, because of its good working properties.—Painter's Magazine.

Average Man's Talk.

The normal man, who strikes an average between indifferent silence and meaningless verbosity, will talk probably one hour, all told, each day, which would allow him 2,100 words.

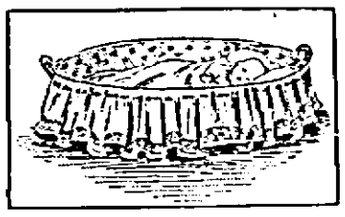
BABY'S FIRST CRADLE.

An Idea from France Which Deserves to Be Adopted by Young American Mothers.

When baby first comes to reign in nursery land, don't put him into a cradle right away for his 20 hours of sleep a day! The custom that the French have of providing a dainty bassinet is not only a pretty idea, but a practical one as well. The bassinet can be placed where one wishes, and its depths of luxurious comfort prevent all danger of draught.

A pretty home-made bassinet can be made out of an ordinary clothes basket. Make the lining by quilting with a thin layer of cotton between two thicknesses of any soft material; then fasten this in place around the inner sides by baby ribbons, sewed at intervals and fastened to the wicker-work of the bassinet.

The handles can be wound with ribbon and tied with a finishing bow,



DAINTY BASSINET.

and the outer side of the basket can be hidden by a graceful ralance curtain hung from the top and gathered to the edge of the quilted lining. If one wishes, a canopy can be added by fastening wires in an arched shape to the side at one end and shirring the same material used for the valance closely to the wires, letting the extra fullness fall at the sides to the same length as the valance curtain.

A pillow placed in the bottom of the basket, and baby's rest is complete, and there is no temptation to rock him to sleep! One of my toddlers came with the June roses, and I made for him a home-made bassinet. Then I would carry it out on the piazza for his morning nap, and I could read or sew while he slept, and both of us were better for breathing the fresh air.—Orange Judd Farmer.

THEY LACKED TACT.

True Stories of Two Women Who Made Remarks That Had Better Been Left Unsaid.

A woman who would consult her husband on his deathbed as to what mourning she would wear for him might fairly be pronounced lacking in tact. You agree with me? I should not hesitate to say that she had not proved herself a perfect wife. "Monstrous!" I hear you say. Yet this really occurred the other day. The woman in question belongs to that class in which reticence is a quality almost unknown, and in which arguments are conducted by means of lighted paraffine lamps and sharp-edged fenders. Think of the poor man clinging to life and cherishing a hope that he would get better, and being plunged into an abyss of desolation by the wife of his bosom murmuring tenderly in his ear: "The doctor says you are too far gone to recover, 'Arry. What sort of a widow's bonnet shall I buy?"

Several instances of a want of tact have come before me lately. One was the case of a wife who had gone abroad and sent home a foreign postcard to the following effect:

"Safely arrived, and have just enjoyed the first well-cooked meal I have had for months."

Her husband wrote to her:

"What madness possessed you to write what you did on a postcard? You have bitterly exasperated my mother and her cook, and the house is in such a turmoil in consequence that I am most uncomfortable."

The peccant wife's reply was this:

"I can't forgive myself, and I am sure you will never forgive me for writing that idiotic postcard. You will scarcely believe me when I tell you that writing in Germany, as I did, some ridiculous idea possessed me that a postcard in English could not be understood, forgetting that its destination was England."—London Truth.

WELL PAID FOR HER WORK.

Addressing Invitations Gives a New York Woman a Handsome Income.

A New York woman of considerable social prominence, but limited means, succeeds in maintaining her position by a novel industry that does not, in the opinion of "the set," place her outside the pale of respectability. She addresses invitations and attends to correspondence as a means of adding to her income. She has the entree to most of the well-known houses in the city. Many of her patrons consider it an unusual favor to have their invitations go out to the world addressed in her unmistakable chirography.

She realizes how much some of her patrons appreciate her services and her prices are high—much higher than any other person's charge for the same service. She makes a very good living out of this rather arduous work and her time is much occupied.

It is a familiar saying that persons who are most occupied by social duties are most punctilious in discharging them promptly. This shows itself strikingly in a custom that developed first this season.

It is now considered the smartest usage by persons who devote thought to such matters to leave cards the day after a large or elaborate entertainment. It is not expected, of course, that the hostess will be seen. That is now the least part of a call. But it is good form to leave cards the day after.

Little Trick Worth Knowing.

Hickorynut cake is deservedly a favorite among sweets, but it is not every cook who cares to spend the time required for shelling the nuts. A little trick that is worth knowing in this connection is this: If boiling water is poured over the nuts and the latter allowed to remain immersed for 20 minutes before cracked it will be an easy matter to extract the nut meats.

A DANGER SPOT.

A dangerous spot for pain is the small of the back; it tells of Kidney ills as do most pains and aches in the back. Kidney ills begin with backache and end with Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's disease. Cure Kidney and Bladder troubles before they reach the serious stage. Read how easily it can be done.

W. J. Hill, of 49 South Union Street, Concord, N. C., proprietor of hardware and harness store, Justice of the Peace, and one of the best known residents of that city, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills proved a very efficient remedy in my case. I got a box at the Gibson Drug Store and used them for disordered kidneys and backache from which I had experienced a great deal of annoyance, trouble and pain. The kidney secretions had bothered me for a long while, were very irregular, dark colored and full of sediment. The Pills cleared it all up and I have not had an ache in my back since taking the last dose. My back is much stronger and my health generally is improved a great deal. I am glad to make a public endorsement of the Pills trusting that it may be the means of relieving some other sufferer."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Hill will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

HOMEOPATHIC medicines, fresh and active, prepaid to any part of the U.S. FREE SAMPLE of Dyspepsia, Headache or Liver Tablets. Our valuable 132-page Medical Guide sent free. Agents Wanted. HALSEY BROS. CO., (Estd 1876) 85 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

WESTERN CANADA

Is attracting more attention than any other district in the world.

"The Granary of the World." "The Land of Sunshine." The Natural Feeding Grounds for Stock.

Area under crop in 1902 . . . 1,987,330 acres.
Yield 1902 . . . . . 117,372,754 bushels.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE.

Abundance of Water; Fuel Plentiful; Cheap Building Materials; Good Grass for pasture and hay; a fertile soil; a sufficient rainfall and a climate giving an assured and adequate season of growth. HOMESTEAD LANDS OF 160 ACRES FREE, the only charge for which is $10 for entry. Close to Churches, Schools, etc. Railways tap all settled districts. Send for Atlas and other literature to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or E. T. HOLMES, 32 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.; F. G. TUNNIS, Callaway Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.; W. H. ROGERS, Box 113, Watertown, So. Dakota; C. PILLING, Grand Forks, North Dakota; J. M. MACLACHLAN, 30 Third Street, Wausau, Wis.; authorized Canadian Government Agents, who will supply you with certificate giving you reduced railway rates, etc.

FREE TO WOMEN

To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. THE R. PAXTON CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.

Nothing Bad Luck.

Enpeck—Meeker is certainly a lucky individual.

Slown—What's the explanation?

"Last fall he tumbled into an open sewer and recovered $5,000 damages from the city and yesterday he fell out of a third story window and hit on his mother-in-law."—Chicago Daily News.

$25 to Colorado and Back.

It has been estimated that between 8,000,000 and 10,000,000 persons in the United States take a vacation every summer. They spend between $100,000,000 and $300,000,000 yearly in pursuit of pleasure. This is a great deal of money to spend during a vacation, but this season the expenditure per capita may be somewhat less on account of the low railroad rates offered by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

From July 1 to 10 this line will sell tickets to Colorado and return from Chicago for $25. This will enable many to enjoy their summer's outing at slight expense. Colorado summer resorts are cooler than the seashore.

For scenic beauty the Rocky Mountain region is famous the world round. The most attractive spots among these peaks are beautifully pictured and faithfully described in a new book just published by the passenger department of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. It will be sent on receipt of six cents to pay postage.

Through train service, Chicago to Denver, every day via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Union Pacific line. F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Old Railroad Ticket Is Now a Curiosity.

Mrs. Laura E. Howey, librarian of the State Historical society, of Montana has received from C. E. Reese, of Virginia City, one of the tickets used in the early '60s on the stage lines of Montana. It is from Virginia City to New York, issued by the Wells Fargo company, the fare at that time being $190. The ticket is composed of eight coupons.

The first is by stage, supposedly to Salt Lake, there being left a blank space to be filled in. From there it is over the Union Pacific railroad to Omaha, by omnibus to Council Bluffs and from there to Chicago over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.

From Chicago the ticket is over the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago to Pittsburg and from Pittsburg to Harrisburg over the Pennsylvania Central. From the latter place to New York the ticket calls for passage over the Allentown line to New York.

Peace of mind is often the result of not knowing any better.—Chicago Daily News.

Just Another Chance

for cheap rates to California: $30.00 from St. Louis, $25.00 from Kansas City. These rates will be withdrawn June 15th. Don't neglect this opportunity. Tourist car through to San Francisco, without change, leaves St. Louis every Tuesday 8:32 p. m., on the "Katy Flyer." Ask for information. Address "Katy," 504 Wainwright, St. Louis, Mo.

The more credit you expect, the less you get.—Atchison Globe.

With the old surety,

St. Jacobs Oil

to cure

Lumbago and Sciatica

There is no such word as fail. Price, 25c. and 50c.

Very Low One-Way and Round-Trip Rates to the Northwest!

VIA THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

One-way colonist tickets on sale until June 15th. Round-trip homeseekers' tickets will be sold the first and third Tuesdays of April, May and June, at rate of one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

For Full Information Write at Once to . . . . . CHAS. S. FEE, G. P. & T. A., ST. PAUL, MINN.

No matter what your preferences are about a rifle, some one of the eight different Winchester models will suit you. Winchester Rifles are made in calibers suitable for shooting any game, from rabbits to grizzly bears, and in many styles and weights. Whichever model you select, you can count on its being well made and finished, reliable in action and a strong, accurate shooter.

FREE: Our 140-page illustrated catalogue.

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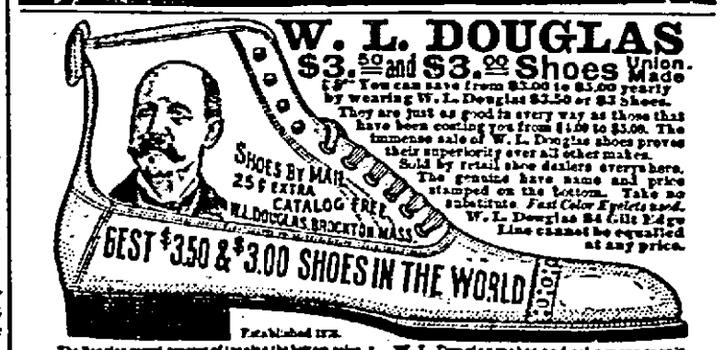

MORE than one million homes have been painted with WEIR'S BAVARIAN WHITE LEAD. Testimonials from 48 states and territories and valuable points on house painting, sent FREE to those writing for "FACTS ABOUT WHITE LEAD," to D. T. WEIR WHITE LEAD CO., St. Louis, Mo. Ask your merchant for Bavarian White Lead.

England Is Far Ahead of America in Preventing Ravages on the Songsters.

The protection of birds has been carried so far in England that fruit growers and farmers are complaining bitterly of the ravages of thrushes, blackbirds and bullfinches. These winged beauties work great mischief in gardens and orchards, says the New York Tribune.

American readers of British books recall with pleasure vivid descriptions of the diversion of shooting young rooks in the early spring with short-range, small-bore rifles, and of the excellence of the young rook pies cooked by experts. But it now appears that the English rooks have not been thinned out with sufficient thorough-

pres, and these birds do harm to va-
Legislation farm crops.

W. yet of the Mississippi in most of the
s north of the Potomac and the inter
the protection of birds of every
must has been much underdone. We
man no rooks or ravens here, but it is
on this we don't protect our winged
of this as we ought to protect them.
addi

Close Calls in Boer War.

In wl the static escapes from death were
while means uncommon features of
delirber war. There was exhibited
be h time ago in the museum of the
stirrl United Service institution one
bear Queen Victoria's chocolate boxes,
ercise lid of which is still deeply im-
Coun d a Mauser bullet. To that
sung collection there has just been
d an even more remarkable relic.
is a silver cigarette-holder case,
Th h was struck by a bullet at a
nce of 1,200 yards while it was
exce e pocket of a captain of the
nnbrial Yeomanry. The curious
This about it is that the officer was
the aware until afterward that he
nest been struck, although the bullet
also pierced the sovereign purse and
ciga ette case which he was carry-
ing in the same pocket.—London
News.

Pork and Cancer.

Many English doctors are now convinced that the eating of pigs' flesh in different forms is greatly responsible for the increase of cancer. They point out that it is most common among the poor, whose chief meat is that of pigs, while the disease is extremely rare among the Jews.

A Fair Well Met.

Having in the course of his 60 years of life buried 26 wives, a farmer of Buziens, in France, has just married a 27th. Nor is the lady a raw beginner at the game. She has buried 18 husbands.

TOO TRUSTFUL.

Described His Lost Spectacles Accurately for the Reward Offered.

A great many stories are told of the Thomas Brackett Reed, many of wh doubtless, are clever inventions, but the lowing, related by a friend of the d statesman, sounds enough like him to true, says Youth's Companion.

The friend, while traveling in a sleep car, had been careless enough to leave gold-framed spectacles lying for a few m ments on a shelf in the wash room, a when he went to look for them they we gone. He immediately put up a written n tice in two or three places, describing t spectacles and offering a reward of ere d lar for their recovery, but to no purpo He never saw them again.

He related the incident one day to M Reed.

"When you described the spectacles ar offered a dollar to the finder," asked the latter, in his accustomed drawl, "were you careful to say they were gold?"

"Certainly."

"Well, that's the reason you didn't get them," retorted Mr. Reed. "The millennium hasn't come yet."

A FALSE ALARM.

Singular Source of a Startling Rumor of the Destruction of New York.

From Mexico City there comes in a private letter this story of how the rumor became current there in April of the destruction of New York, reports the Times:

"On the afternoon of the 3d inst. there was a rumor here of a terrible earthquake and cyclone in New York. Everybody talked about it, and each one had a worse tale to tell; half New York was destroyed, with 1,000,000 people. Think of my anxiety! I was afraid to telegraph. At last I made up my mind to do so, but when I reached the cable office they showed me a telegram just received in reply to an inquiry, which read: 'Not a word of truth in it.' I was greatly relieved. It seems that two Spaniards who live here and who had been on a visit to Europe returned to New York that day. They are known among their friends here as 'Earthquake' and 'Cyclone,' and are besides great eaters. One of their friends in New York telegraphed to a friend here:

"'Earthquake and Cyclone arrived; have swallowed up half New York.'

"This was the cause of the whole thing."

An Undertaker's Advertisement.

A man in clerical garb was handing out cards to the home going crowd at the entrance to the Brooklyn bridge one evening recently. On the face of the card was an identification blank, in case of accidents. The plan looked easy and convenient, and most persons tucked the cards in their pockets. When they got home they found on the reverse side the advertisement of an undertaker who advertised a new scheme in burials. The indorsement of a clergyman read: "His tact and painstaking preparation at the committal service in the provision of tent, matting, chairs and a patent lowering device, go far toward making the last moments with the dear departed as comfortable as possible."—N. Y. Times.

Where He Had the Advantage.

"I think you'd like the pastor of the church I belong to," remarked the passenger with the skull cap, as the conversation drifted to religious topics. "He never preaches longer than 25 minutes."

"I have no doubt I should like him," replied the passenger with the side whiskers. "The pastor of the church I attend every Sunday preaches sometimes an hour or longer."

"Horribly tiresome, isn't it?"

"Not to me. I'm the preacher."—Chicago Tribune.

Then and Now.

Meeker—I could never quite understand my wife during our courtship.

Meeker—And do you now?

"Well, I guess yes. She never lets up until I do."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Mourning.

"Black crape, of course, is symbolic of a widow's grief."

"Of course; it's all put on."—Philadelphia Press.

A Test.—"He has been mentioned as a candidate for office very frequently." "Yes," answered Farmer Corntossel; "the only trouble is that everytime anybody mentions him, the other fellers laugh."—Washington Star.

CHANGE OF LIFE.

Some sensible advice to women passing through this trying period.

The painful and annoying symptoms experienced by most women at this period of life are easily overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is especially designed to meet the needs of woman's system at the trying time of change of life.

It is no exaggeration to state that Mrs. Pinkham has over 5000 letters like the following proving the great value of her medicine at such times.

"I wish to thank Mrs. Pinkham for what her medicine has done for me. My trouble was change of life. Four years ago my health began to fail, my head began to grow dizzy, my eyes pained me, and at times it seemed as if my back would fail me, had terrible pains across the kidneys. Hot flashes were very frequent and trying. A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have taken six bottles of it and am to-day free from those troubles. I cannot speak in high enough terms of the medicine. I recommend it to all and wish every suffering woman would give it a trial."—BELLE ROSE, 68 Montclair Ave., Roslindale, Mass.—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

TYPHOID FEVER
DIPHTHERIA SMALL POX

The germs of these deadly diseases multiply in the decaying glue present in all kalsomines, and the decaying paste under wall paper.

Alabastine is a disinfectant. It destroys disease germs and vermin; is manufactured from a stone cement base, hardens on the walls, and is as enduring as the wall itself.

Alabastine is mixed with cold water, and any one can apply it.

Ask for sample card of beautiful tints and information about decorating. Take no cheap substitute.

Buy only in 5 lb. pkgs. properly labeled.

ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York Office, 105 Water St.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE

Conveyed

Advice of Knob County Native Regarding Trapping of Chicken Thieves.

"I HAINT spoke to old Jason not since he shot the big tame deer o' mine right in its own pastur' and lugged it away, knowin' it was mine and that he hadn't no more right to do it than he had to shoot one o' my cows," said the man from the Knob country, "and yit now he goes and summonses me to be defendant in a lawsuit he's bringin' agin me for slander! Hain't spoke to him nor mentioned his name in better than four years, and here he goes and summonses me to be the defendant in a suit for slander!

"Josiah come in t'other day and he was consider'ble glum. I asked him what was achin', and he says:

"'It's them chickens o' mine,' he says. 'Half a dozen o' my best ones was stole last night. Half a dozen was stole the night afore that, and I s'pose that half a dozen 'll go ag'in tonight, and then I won't have none left,' he says. 'That's what the ailin' is, Dan'l,' says he.

"Josiah is old Jason's son-in-law, and a consarned nice young feller he is, too, for all o' that. And Jason lives neighbor to Josiah.

"'I'm goin' to put a b'ar trap in that hen coop to-night,' says he, 'and jest find out who it is that's unpopulatin' of it,' says he.

"I set and thunk awhile, and then I says:

"'Josiah,' I says, 'before you set a trap for your chicken thief, let me tell you a little recollection about somethin' that happened in the Knob country somethin' like a good many years ago. Then,' says I, 'if you want to set your trap, why set it. It won't make no difference to me,' I says.

"'The time I'm referrin' to,' says I, 'Sackrider & Jupp was in partnership in the shingle splittin' and ladder makin' business, over bark o' the Knob. Sackrider had a daughter Jinny. She wan't more than 18 when this happened, but she could fill out a calico dress like sugarcake dough run into a mould.

"'Sackrider's partner, Judd, was a tiptop strappin' youngster of 22 or so. He was an orphan on his mother's side, but his poor old father, Abner, was left to be a consolation and a comfort to him. The old man lived on the boy, and had the rheumytis most o' the time, with now and then a call from plumbago in the back, and similar cheerful ailin's.

"'Abner was a fine old man, but there was folks mean enough to say that though he was always sufferin' terrible when his boy was around—which the youngster's name was Caleb—he was chipper enough when the boy was away in the woods shingle splittin' and could walk three miles to the tavern and absorb more rum and tanzy than any other citizen o' that baliwick. That's what there was folks mean enough to say about Abner, but you'll find jest setch meddlin' folks everywheres, Josiah, everywhere.'

"'Caleb, he never knowed of their talk, though, and was always worryin' about his poor old father, and feelin' sorry for him, and saying that he was afeared he wasn't doin' enough to make the old man comfortable on his way to t'other shore.

"'The ground that Sackrider's daughter Jinny walked on was worth somethin' like $10,000 a squire inch to Caleb and the price mark that Jinny put on Billy was so high that the Queen o' Sheby couldn't a carried enough treasures and things in her chist to pay it, and setch bein' the case, of course, it was a settled thing, all over the destrict that them two was goin' to marry one another when the time come right.

"'There was considerable o' sheep stealin' and chicken stealin', and setch pastimes as them going on bark o' the Knob in them days, and nobody was more dead set ag'in 'em than Sackrider's daughter Jinny.

"'Why, says Jinny to Caleb one day, "I wouldn't think no more o' shootin' a sheep thief," says she, "than I would o' shootin' a skunk, and I git mad," says she, "every time I think o' one!"

"Caleb he said that he did, too, and that he didn't want nothin' to do with anyone that belonged to a sheep thief.

"'"Me neither," says Jinny. "I'd as soon fetch p'ison!" says she.

"'Along early that spring a man came through there buyin' up sheep. Caleb had some o' the choicest kind o' sheep, but none of 'em was for sale.

"'The sheep buyer he sort o' deputized Uncle 'Lijer, at the tavern, to pick up all he could and forward 'em to him at the Ef'dy. Now, somehow or other, of all the sheep that had been stole in the deestrict the most of 'em had always been took for Caleb, and somehow when chickens was stolen, Caleb's seemed to be the favorite brand o' chickens that was called for.

"'And after the sheep-buyer went away, Caleb's sheep kep' a-goin' more than ever they did. So Caleb he jest made up his mind he'd fix a way to find out who it was that was walkin' off with his mutton, and put a stop to it.

"'Actin' on his idee he drove what sheep was left into an old cabin he had in the woods, about a mile from home, and shut 'em up. Then he went home and told his poor old father, who was sufferin' tremendous with the rheumytis that day, what he had done with the sheep.

"'"That's a good idee," says Abner. "They won't be safe now," says he, "and mowt jest as well turn 'em loose and let 'em run from Dan to Beersheba," says he.

"'"And more than that," says Caleb, "I am gointer to set the b'ar trap right in front o' the cabin door," says he.

"'Poor old Abner he winced with a twang o' the rheumytis, and when he got over it he says to Caleb:

"'"That's another good idee," says he. "Only don't set the trap in front o' the door. Set it under the window. If the thief comes he'll be sure you've got the door locked and he'll go to the winder to climb in," says Abner. "Set the trap under the winder," says he.

"'Caleb said he would, and along in the afternoon he started with the trap for the cabin. On the way there he got another idee. He wouldn't set the ba'r trap at the cabin. He'd rig up a dead fall door that'd come down with a bang and ketch on the bottom the minute the thief opened the real door to the cabin and stepped inside.

"'Then he'd nail the winder down and as the dead fall door couldn't be opened from the inside, he'd have the thief snug in the cabin and his leg wouldn't be all smashed by a trap Caleb rigged up setch a door.

"'The work took so long that Caleb didn't git back home 'till way after dark, and his sufferin' old father had gone to bed, so Caleb didn't disturb him to tell him about it.

"'Next mornin' bright and early, Caleb went over to the cabin to see if anybody had been circumvented in trying to walk off with a sheep or two o' hisn, and sure enough the dead-fall door was down.

"'"Ha, ha!" says Caleb. "I've got the sheep-stealin' citizen, have I?"

"'He yanked the ketch of the door open and riz the deadfall. Josiah, who do you s'pose walked out o' the cabin? Caleb's poor old father!

"'Now, most fathers, after being treated like that, would have been so tremendous mad that they'd have made the fur fly around there, and no mistake, but sufferin' old Abner wasn't mad. He was jest hurt.

"'His poor old heart was panged. He looked in sorrow at Caleb, and he says:

"'"Caleb," says he, "I'd never 'a' thunk it of you. An' only son, too!" he says. "And trappin' for his poor old father as a sheep thief! "If you didn't want me around no longer, Caleb," he says, "I'd 'a' gone fur, fur away, if you'd only give me a hint. But, no matter. You needn't git no warrant. I'll go give myself up. You've cooked the evidence ag'in me, all right, and my gray hairs'll go down in sorrow to the county seat and rest in the jail."

"'Caleb he jest bellered and bellered, to think that Abner should imagine for a minute that he s'pected him o' bein' a sheep thief.

"'"Tain't so much what you've done to me, Caleb," says poor old Abner, "but what'll Jinny say? Will Jinny be likely to take up with the son of a sufferin' father that you've gone and made out to be a sheep thief? She won't do it, Caleb! In aimin' at your poor old father I'm afeerd that you've put the ball under your own foreshoulder, Caleb," he says.

"'This made Caleb feel worse and worse to see what a terrible thing he had gone and done, and he begged of his sufferin' parent to tell him what he could do to undo it.

"'"Well," says Abner, the tears runnin' down his cheeks, "I can't never feel the same to'rds you as I use' to, Caleb," says he, "but seein' as you're conscience-struck, I won't disgrace you by exposin' what you've done, provided you give me $100 in cash and pay my stagin' to Sprout Hill, over in Jersey, where I've wanted to spend my closin' days for a long time back," says Abner.

"'And Caleb, sorrowin', done it. And he never sot no more traps for sheep thieves. And the funny part of it was that he never lost no more sheep nor chickens, which he said was more than he deserved, after treatin' his poor old father the way he did, when he had got up and gone 'way over to the cabin in the night, sufferin' as he was with the rheumatiz, to watch ag'in the comin' o' thieves and chase 'em away, not wantin' 'em to git in the jaws o' the big b'ar trap that he thought was sot under the winder.

"'Caleb and Jinny got married, but see what a narrow escape Caleb had from losin' her, jest by trappin' for sheep thieves!

"'Of course,' says I, 'there hain' no setch danger in your tryin' a b'ar trap in your chicken coop, if you want,' I says; 'but b'ar traps ketches tremendous hard, and there's them a livin' neighbors to you that—well,' I says, 'you've heerd my little recollection o' the Knob country, and if you want to set a trap, why set it! That's all!' I says.

"Josiah sot and thunk a spell, and then went home—I hain't spoke to old Jason nor mentioned his name in better than four years, and here he goes and summonses me to be the defendant in a suit for slander he's bringin' ag'in me! Must be that somehow he must 'a heerd somthin' or other and took it personal!"

And the man from the Knob country shook his head and grinned.—N. Y. Sun.

Effect of Lava on Steel Construction.

Metallic construction appears to have had a very low power of resistance during the volcanic eruption at St. Pierre. Not only was it incapable of withstanding the weight of the burning matter, but some chemical action is likely to have taken place which transformed the particles. One of the cases mentioned is the market of St. Pierre. After the cyclone of 1891 the authorities decided to reconstruct it in the most solid manner. Cast iron was adopted. It is now impossible to find the slightest trace of a construction which had an area of 2000 meters square.—American Architect.

Have Seen the World.

There is no city in the world in which so large a proportion of the residents have had wide and varied experience in travel and observation as Salt Lake City. The explanation of this lies in the fact that a large proportion of the young men in the Mormon church are sent to foreign countries, where, after learning the language, they preach as missionaries. These return with cosmopolitan experiences, a broad outlook and greatly augmented knowledge.

GOLD MINING IN INDIANA.

Now Being Done on a Large Scale by Hydraulic Process Where Pans Were Worked.

For a hundred years or more it has been known that there was gold back in the hills of the Indiana counties, says a writer in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, and for over half a century a queer lot of illiterate, grizzly recluses have been washing gold back in the hills, making from one dollar to two dollars a day. The gold that they brought in to market occasionally in little bags and in phials passed assay in the government mint on an equality with Snake river gold, the finest standard in the United States. It remained for an old California miner, who came east two months ago for his firm, to open up the first hydraulic gold mine in the state.

It is located in Morgan county north of Martinsville, the county seat. It is a small affair, compared with those in the west that tear down banks 400, 500 and 600 feet high, but it is capable of thoroughly developing the 50-foot hills in which the gold is lodged along the hill streams of Morgan, Brown and Johnson counties.

The first clean-up on the hydraulic mine has not yet been made, but it is confidently expected that it will run 40 cents a yard. Such a panning out would mean that Indiana would immediately blossom forth as one of the greatest gold mining states in the union. In most of the California placer mining camps dirt is being worked that yields only ten cents a square yard and there the water rates are high.

R. L. Boyle, who has brought about the present development, became convinced three years ago that there was gold in the Indiana hills that would cause a national sensation if it was properly handled by improved methods. For over three years he has been prospecting in the hills, and here and there has been picking out tracts of land that showed good tests. He now has 2,000 acres under his absolute control and has supervision over 6,000 or 8,000 more acres.

The chickens and ducks of the gold hills picked the gold up, mistaking it for grains of wheat or corn, and, being heavy, the gold had lodged in their crops. Mrs. George Johnson, who lives just across the river from the city of Martinsville, killed a duck that had picked up its dinners along the little stream that ran through the barn lot. She cleaned up the craw of the fowl and netted $2.10. William Bothwell, who lives seven miles from Martinsville, killed a chicken that netted him 60 cents. A farmer near Martinsville killed a duck that was a veritable Klondike.

The hydraulic operations have caused a panic among the grizzly recluses who have been panning the gold. They are a quaint lot, with queer names. The king of their camps is a 40-year-old, wild-eyed, red-bearded man who can neither read nor write and who is known as "Wild Bill Stafford." He is king because he is known all over the gold fields as the man that found the $12 nugget and that drank 75 schooners of beer in one day without getting drunk. Bill, as a rule, operates in "Gold creek holler." He cleans up three dollars a day when he works steadily. "Old Man Moon" is a Brown county washer. "Old Man Jim Stanley," who operates around in "Highland holler," put his name into the history of the gold diggings by finding a $250 diamond, which was sold in the Indianapolis market. Quite a number of large diamonds and a number of valuable rubies have been found. "Old Man Stanley" has been washing gold in the hills for over 42 years and has raised a big family. "Bill" Merriman is the patriarch of the section. He won't permit a stranger to get within a half mile of him, so secretive is he concerning his operations.

Taylor, the California miner who built the hydraulic mine and the flumes says the Indiana dirt is of the same character that is found in California, except that there is no cement in it, which makes the operation in California so costly. He thinks that there is a great deal of dirt in the Indiana hills that will run over one dollar a yard. He says that with the latest devices dirt can be handled now that runs only four cents a yard at a big profit.

State Geologist Blatchley holds to the theory that the gold was brought down by the glaciers. It is found where the glaciers from Hudson bay ended and deposited great banks of conglomerate.

UNITED STATES NAVY LEAGUE.

Recently Organized Body Will Strive to Provide the Nation with Adequate Navy.

There has recently been organized in the United States a Navy league, whose object is to secure a navy commensurate with the country's requirements. To this end it proposes to draw public attention to our naval standing relatively to the navies of the world, and to create a public opinion on the question of naval increase that will react favorably upon congress when it comes to legislate on naval affairs. Leagues of this kind already exist in England, France, Germany and Italy, and in every case they are non-partisan and possess no political significance whatever. As an instance of the work done by similar organizations in other countries, we may take the case of Germany, where the impetus given during the past few years to naval affairs is attributed largely to the influence of the naval league, in which the German emperor himself is an indefatigable worker. The German league has gone into the matter with the thoroughness that characterizes the German people in dealing with matters of national importance. The aims of the new league are highly commendable, says the Scientific American, and we trust that it will be successful in assisting forward the good work of providing this country with a navy adequate for the protection of its worldwide and rapidly extending interests.

Ready Reasoner.

"How did you become good at figures?"

"Heredity."

"How so?"

"My mother was bitten by a snake."

"What's that got to do with it?"

"It was an adder."—St. Paul Dispatch.

A Sensational Case.

Alston, Mich., May 20th.—Houghton County has never witnessed a more striking medical case than that of Mr. James Culet of this place.

Mr. Culet had spent a small fortune with the best physicians in the county and in addition to this he has tried every medicine he could hear of.

He had a very bad case of Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble, from which he had suffered for twenty years. Nothing he could get seemed to do him any good, and he was gradually growing worse.

He has no Rheumatism now and explains it thus:

"One day I happened to see an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills and decided to try them.

"I made up my mind to give them a good fair trial, as my case was a very bad one and was of over twenty years' standing.

"I used altogether 42 boxes and I can truthfully say that they have driven out every trace of the Rheumatism.

"I feel like a new man, and I can and do most heartily recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills for Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble."

Concerning Wool.

"De older er man gits," said the colored parson, "de harder it am ter pull de wool over his eyes."

"How does yo' all account fob dat, parson?" asked Deacon Flatfoot.

"Ah accounts fob it on de groun' dat de older a man gits de less wool he have," answered the parson with a grin that would have frightened a chicken out of its wits.—Cleveland Leader.

It Cures While You Walk.

Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callus, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Not Too Self Confident.—"Young Dr. Fledgling doesn't seem very certain of himself." "Why, no. I think he feels like calling a consultation every time he has to make a diagnosis."—Brooklyn Life.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Doolittle—"Cuba must be a lively place." **Roolittle**—"You bet! They raise cane there all the time."—Harvard Lampoon.

To Cure a Cold In One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c

He who gives up the smallest part of a secret has the rest no longer in his power.—Richter.

"The Klean, Kool, Kitchen Kind" of stoves make no smoke, smell, soot, ashes or excessive heat. Always look for trade mark.

The reward of one duty is the power to fulfill another.—Eliot.

You can do your dyeing in half an hour with Putnam Fadeless Dyes.

Opposition is essential to success.—Ram's Horn.

SOCIETY WRECKED HER HEALTH.

Mrs. Finn.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O., for free advice.

Tired, Nervous, Aching, Trembling, Sleepless, Bloodless.

Pe-ru-na Renovates, Regulates, Restores.

A Pretty New York Woman's Recovery the Talk of Her Numerous Friends.

Mrs. J. E. Finn, 52 East High street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen—"A few years ago I had to give up social life entirely, as my health was completely broken down. The doctor advised a complete rest for a year. As this was out of the question for a time, I began to look for some other means of restoring my health.

"I had often heard of Peruna as an excellent tonic, so I bought a bottle to see what it would do for me, and it certainly took hold of my system and rejuvenated me, and in less than two months I was in perfect health, and now when I feel worn out or tired a dose or two of Peruna is all that I need."—Mrs. J. E. Finn.

Catarrh Causes Female Diseases.

America is the land of nervous women. The great majority of nervous women are so because they are suffering from some form of female disease. By far the greatest number of female troubles are caused directly by catarrh. These women despair of recovery. Female trouble is so common, so prevalent, that they accept it as almost inevitable. The greatest obstacle in the way of recovery is that they do not understand that it is catarrh which is the source of their illness.

In female complaint, ninety-nine cases out of one hundred are nothing but catarrh.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

Millions of Trunks.

The New York Central forwarded in baggage cars during the calendar year of 1902, 3,150,545 pieces of checked baggage. There were received at stations 3,121,974 pieces of checked baggage. The number of bicycles forwarded and received by baggage car was 411,614; and baby cars forwarded and received 26,654.

PILES AHAKESIS gives immediate and POSITIVE RELIEF. CURES PILES. For free sample address "AHAKESIS," Times Bldg. New York.

A. N. K.—G 1971

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

LIFE IS SWEET

even to the farmer, with his endless trouble and worry about weather, crops and insects.

A man can forget his business cares, but he cannot forget a sickness that stays with him (or any member of his family) constantly, day and night.

And if, after trying many different kinds of medicines and drugs, his sickness still keeps on, a man begins to feel as if all his work was in vain.

Life is sweet—but only if you can enjoy it.

If you are sick, or suffer in any way from weakness of any organ of your body, please read the following very carefully, for it may be that we can point out to you a way, both pleasant and safe, by which you can be relieved from pain and sickness, and your life made worth enjoying:

In the first place, put out of your mind the idea that disease is a NAME.

The name is nothing. It hardly matters at all WHAT, you think, or others say, you are sick from.

WE say, and the most advanced medical science of the day says, that if you are sick, IT IS BECAUSE YOU ARE WEAK.

And the very first thing to do, naturally, is to BUILD UP YOUR STRENGTH.

Now, don't go away with the notion that because you have a good strong muscular frame, you are therefore SAFE.

You may be strong PHYSICALLY, but weak VITALLY.

Your internal arrangements need building with Ozomulsion.

Ozomulsion is concentrated, bottled vitality. A Blood-Making Food.

By taking it as a building, medicated, vitalizing food, your organs will be able to get rid, in nature's way, of any disease that now affects them.

Ozomulsion Food is made of the purest cod liver oil, impregnated with vitalizing salts, which regenerate the entire constitution.

Get well; get strong; enjoy yourself. Trust your health to Ozomulsion.

For women and children, weak, pale, Consumptive, thin and sick, Ozomulsion will do wonders. It Cures Consumption.

Try It Free

To anyone who asks, we will send a large Sample Bottle, Absolutely Free by Mail Prepaid. It is the Food Physicians prescribe and use The Year Round in their own Families and Practice and Druggists sell in Large Bottles Weighing Over Two Pounds.

Send your name and complete address (by letter or postal card) to

Ozomulsion Food Co
98 Pine Street, New York

The Food That Does Good

Special Reduced Excursion Rates

Will be in effect from all points on the Chicago & North-Western Railway for the occasions named below:

Presbyterian General Assembly, Los Angeles, May 21 to June 2.

Travelers' Protective Association, Indianapolis, Ind., June 9 to 11.

Modern Woodmen of America, Indianapolis, Ind., June 17 to 24.

National Educational Association, Boston, July 6 to 10.

Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 7 to 10.

United Christian Endeavor, Denver, July 9 to 13.

Epworth League, Detroit, Mich., July 16 to 19.

B. P. O. E., Baltimore, Md., July 21 and 23.

G. A. R. meeting, San Francisco, August 17 to 22.

For information as to rates, dates of sale, etc., of these or other occasions, call upon the ticket agent of the North-Western Line.

A Woman's Complexion.

It is rank foolishness to attempt to remove sallowness or greasiness of the skin by the use of cosmetics, or "local" treatment as advocated by the "beauty doctors." The only safe and sure way that a woman can improve her complexion is by purifying and enriching the blood, which can only be accomplished by keeping the liver healthy and active. The liver is the seat of disease and blood pollution. Green's August Flower acts directly on the liver, cleanses and enriches the blood, purifies the complexion. It also cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and induces refreshing sleep. A single bottle of August Flower has been known to cure the most pronounced and distressing cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. New trial size bottle, 25 cents; regular size, 75 cents. Sold in Rhinelander at the drug store of J. J. Reardon.

A Proclamation.

May 30th, "Memorial Day," is not only a legal holiday in this state, but is a National Holiday as well, and should be appropriately observed by all patriotic loyal Americans.

It is peculiarly a day when honor, and heroism treasures of every loyal heart, take outward expression in floral offerings, by strewing the graves of our Citizens Soldiers with the beautiful flowers of spring. That nothing may mar or in any way intercept appropriate exercises I earnestly request that all places of business in this city be closed on that day from 10 a. m. to 12 m. and that all citizens give countenance and such personal assistance as they may in the beautiful ceremony of strewing the graves of the dead with flowers. By Order

FRED. ANDERLE, Mayor.

Attest: GUST. SWEDBURG, City Clerk.

Saw Mill For Sale.

We offer for sale, saw mill, lath and shingle machinery. Must be moved from present locality. Capacity 25,000 feet per day. Liberal terms of payment. Will take lumber for part of purchase price. Inquire of

CAMPBELL & CAMERON CO.,
m7-tf Oshkosh, Wis.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. J. J. Reardon.

No. 152, S.] [Published May 16, 1903

CHAPTER 229.

AN ACT to authorize E. S. Shepard and A. W. Shelton, their heirs or assigns, to erect and maintain a dam across the Wisconsin river in Oneida county.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. E. S. Shepard and A. W. Shelton, their heirs and assigns, are hereby authorized to build and maintain a dam across the Wisconsin river between the north line of section twenty-three, and the south line of section twenty-seven, all of township thirty-six north of range eight east, in Oneida county, Wisconsin, for the purpose of improving the navigation of the Wisconsin river above said dam; and the said E. S. Shepard and A. W. Shelton, their heirs and assigns, are hereby authorized to use the hydraulic power created by said dam for manufacturing purposes.

Section 2. Said dam shall be of such height as will be sufficient to set back the water of said river to the east and west quarter line of section 12, township 36 north of range 8 east in Oneida county, and it shall never be maintained of such height as to set back the water of said river above the mouth of the Pelican river. For the purpose of acquiring the necessary lands, or rights, easements and privileges in lands, necessary for flowage, so that the complete construction of said dam and improvement under this act may be successfully carried out, provided that suitable fishways shall be built and maintained to permit the free passage of fish over and through the said dam, said E. S. Shepard and A. W. Shelton, their heirs and assigns, may have and enjoy all of the rights granted to and conferred upon corporations by sections 1777 a, 1777 b, 1777 c and 1777 d of the statutes of 1898.

Section 3. Said E. S. Shepard and A. W. Shelton, their heirs, associates and assigns, shall build and maintain and keep in repair suitable slides and chutes in said dam or dams for the running of logs and timber products over the same, sufficient in capacity to accommodate all logs and timber products that may be floated down said river, and shall maintain a sufficient and unobstructed channel for the free passage of logs and timber products through the pond created by said dam, and all logs and other timber products, destined to other points below said dam shall be taken by the owners of said dam or dams when they reach the flowage thereof or reach any jam that may be caused by the stoppage of logs by the works or pond of the owners of said dam or dams, and shall be driven by such owners free of charge and with reasonable dispatch through said flowage and pond and over said dam or dams. Provided, that the provisions of section 1601 of the statutes 1898 shall not apply to the dam or dams erected under this act.

Section 4. Said dam or dams shall be so constructed or maintained as to be capable of permitting the free and uninterrupted passage through or over the same of any and all floods discharged by any flowing dam further up said river for the purpose of assisting in and facilitating the driving of logs and other timber products below the dam or dams authorized by this act, and the owners of said dam or dams shall so maintain and operate them so as to permit the free passage of all such floods without substantial impairment of their effectiveness in assisting in the driving of logs and timber products down said river, and shall be liable to damages to any person or corporation injured by failure or compliance with this section.

Section 5. No corporate powers are granted by this act and the same shall not be construed or deemed to grant such powers.

Section 6. The power to alter, amend or repeal this act is hereby reserved.

Section 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved May 12, 1903.

Shaving in Egypt.

The earliest reference to shaving of the beard is found in Genesis xli, 14, where we read that Joseph on being summoned before the king shaved himself. There are several references as to shaving in Leviticus, and the practice is alluded to in many other parts of the Bible. However, Egypt is the only country mentioned in the Bible where shaving was practiced. In all other countries at that time such an act would have been considered ignominious. Herodotus mentions that the Egyptians allowed their beards to grow when they were in mourning. So particular were they as to shaving at all other times that to have neglected it was to make oneself the butt of coarse and ridiculous jokes.

Even in this day and age when the Egyptian wants to convey the idea of a man of low condition and slovenly habits he always pictures to you a man with a full beard. This notion is very ancient, a fact attested by works of art found in burial monuments dating back thousands of years.

Southern Europe.

A traveler writes: "I have often been struck by the ease with which people in southern Europe are amused. In Paris 100,000 people go out to Longchamps for the Grand Prix race, and half a million people go out and line the roads on their return to see them come back. In Rome at the feast of the "Divino Amore" 5,000 people go out on the Campagna to a spot where once stood a temple to Venus and hold a picnic, while 50,000 go out and line the Appian way to see them return. In Madrid this peculiarity is even more marked. On the Puerta del Sol about a thousand people stand around and do nothing outdoors, while crowds of people sit indoors or lean from balconies to watch them do it. And in Seville the idle rich sit in clubs and cafes on the Sierpes to watch the lower classes walk by, while the lower classes walk by to watch the idle rich sitting in the clubs and cafes on the Sierpes."

Reading the Bible.

How long will it take a person to read the Old Testament, with its 592,439 words, or the 181,253 words of the New Testament? And how long to read the 773,692 words of both?

A man can read understandingly 100 words every minute. By hurrying a man can read 100 words, or probably more. I will assume that a man can read critically—that is, carefully and understandingly—at least sixty words a minute. That is slow reading, being only 3,600 words an hour. Suppose a man should devote an hour a day to the Bible.

At this rate he would read 108,000 words in thirty days, or in a month's time. He would therefore read the Old Testament in less than six months, and he would finish the New Testament in less than two months.

Hunting on Treacherous Soil.

Snipe shooting on an Irish bog is an excellent test of a gunner's skill and enthusiasm. An experienced bog shooter if he finds himself going down throws himself flat on his side or back and at the same time throws his gun to his attendant, generally an unshod "gossoon," who rarely fails to catch it. The sensation of being bogged is very unpleasant, but if a man throws himself on his side or back there is strength enough in the peat to support his body.—"Forty-five Years of Sport."

A Horse's Strength.

The average weight of a horse is 1,000 pounds; his strength is equivalent to that of five men. In a horse mill moving at three feet per second, track twenty-five feet diameter, he exerts with the machine the power of four and a half horses. The greatest amount a horse can pull in a horizontal line is 900 pounds, but he can only do this momentarily; in continued exertion probably half of this is the limit.

The Sacred Plants of the Druids.

The Druids held many plants sacred, as, for instance, vervain, selago, mistletoe, and among trees the oak and the rowan. There is, I think, no serious doubt as to the identity of any of these except the second (selago), which is generally thought to be the club moss. Oak mistletoe is certainly rare, and that may have been the reason why it had an especially sacred character, but it does exist.

A Poor Bureau.

"Yes," apologized the old citizen, "our town is pretty dirty, I know, but we have a street cleaning bureau."

"Bureau!" exclaimed the unsophisticated stranger. "I should think that would be about the poorest implement you could use for cleaning streets."

"Well, it is."—Chicago Tribune.

No Newfangled Notions For Him.

Adelbert—Grandpa, when a little boy is bad do you believe in the infliction of corporal correction?

Grandpa—No, sirree! None o' yer newfangled notions! Jus' lemme get him in the wood shed with a good old fashioned hickory switch, that's all!—Chicago News.

Sizing Him Up.

Young Wife—I want to buy a hat for my husband.

Hatter—What size does he wear?

Young Wife—I declare I forgot to find out! I know the size of the collars he wears, though. It's 15. He'd want about size 18 or 20 for a hat, wouldn't he?

Looking Ahead.

A little girl aged three asked her father for more candy, but was told to wait until tomorrow. Looking out of the window for a few moments, she suddenly called out, "Papa, it looks like tomorrow now."

Wealth in Lapland.

[illegible] the buffalo was to the Indian [illegible] reindeer is to the Lapp. At the [illegible] day the wealth of a Lapp is [illegible] in reindeer. Thus, when the [illegible] speak of a man's estate they [illegible] he is worth so many deer." [illegible] who have only fifty or sixty [illegible] poor servants, and their deer [illegible] with those of their "betters." [illegible] have any kind of social standing in Lapland one should possess at least 500 of these animals. A Lapp is considered well off when he is the happy owner of not less than 1,000 reindeer.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Perfect in quality.

Moderate in price.

IN CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

K. L. McIndoe, Plaintiff,
vs.
Fred. Sorquist, Charles Peterson, Annie Peterson, his wife, and J. M. Johnson, Defendants.

By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered and entered in the above entitled action on the 8th day of May, 1903, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above defendants, I shall offer for sale, and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the west door of the court house in the city of Rhinelander, Oneida county, Wisconsin, on the 27th day of June, 1903, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following described real estate, in Oneida county, Wisconsin, to wit: Lot number two (2) in block number six (6) of S. H. Alban's addition to the village (now city) of Rhinelander, in said county, being the mortgaged premises described in said judgment, to satisfy said judgment with costs and expenses of sale.

Dated May 9, 1903. MAX KEARNS, Sheriff.
21-m14-j25

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
May 18, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on June 27, 1903, viz: Josef Habiger who made H. E. No. 8257, for the NW¼ SW¼ and Lot 3, Sec. 23, Tp. 36 N., R. 9 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Johan Habiger, Michael Gleason, Dan Ross and Oswald Eakbricht, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

JOHN W. MILLER, Register.
6t-m21-j25p

STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT FOR ONEIDA COUNTY.
In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at the special term of the county court to be held in and for said county, at the court house in the city of Rhinelander in said county on the second Tuesday (being the 9th day) of June A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of S. H. Alban to admit to probate the last will and testament of Allan H. James late of the city of Los Angeles in Los Angeles county, California, deceased, and for letters testamentary thereon to be issued to S. H. Alban of Oneida county, Wisconsin.

Dated May 8, 1903.
By order of the Court,
LEVI J. BILLINGS, County Judge.
40-m14-j1

J. A. WHITING,
VETERINARY SURGEON
And DENTIST.
Office at Joslin & Chafee's Livery.
Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Raymond & Fitzsimmons,
Veterinary Surgeons and Dentists
Treat all Diseases of Animals.
Perform All Operations.
DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.
Day and Night Calls Attended Promptly at the Model Livery, Telephone No. 14.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

Liver Pills
That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness. You need Ayer's Pills.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use
Buckingham's Dye
50 cts of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

F. A. HILDEBRAND,
DEALER IN FURNITURE.
My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited
An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times.
Call before purchasing
RHINELANDER, - WIS

BUY LAND
—IN—
Oneida County

I have some real bargains in real estate here that offer on easy terms to parties that desire to clear land for agricultural purposes.

If interested call on or address

PRESCOTT CALKINS,
Rhinelander, Wis.

CIVIC SOCIETIES.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 298, B. P. O. E. Regular meetings first and third Thursdays in each month. Permanent location in new K. O. T. M. rooms, Stevens street.
DR. T. R. WELCH, E. R. C. A. WILSON, Sec.

FLAMBEAU LODGE NO. 73, K. of P. Parker Building, Brown St. Regular Commandery every Wednesday.
J. WOTRING, K. of R. and S. WARREN KEEP, C. C.

LARAWAY TENT 17, K. O. T. M. Rhinelander. Regular review second and fourth Fridays each month. Visiting Sir Knights welcome.
JOS. MCLAUGHLIN, Com. JNO. GREENWOOD, Record Keeper.

RHINELANDER LODGE, No. 242, F. & A. M. Stapleton Block. Regular communications First and Third Tuesdays of each month.
D. F. EMERY, Sec. ALEX. SUTTON, W. M.

RHINELANDER CHAPTER No. 74, R. A. M. Stapleton Block. Regular convocations Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month.
A. TAYLOR Sec. ALEX. MCRAE, H. P.

LAKE CAMP, No. 1749, M. W. of A. Rhinelander, Wis. Meetings every Tuesday night. Visitors are cordially invited.
THOS. DUNN, V. C. GEO. JEWELL, Clerk

I. O. F. COURT JUANITA, 1375. Rhinelander, Wis. Meetings at I. O. O. F. Hall second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.
H. P. MORRILL, C. R. S. E. STONE, R. S.

S. H. & E. F. LODGE. Regular meetings every Tuesday evening in Scandinavian hall on Mason street, north side.
ANDREW OLSON, Sec. HENRY ROMAN, Ord.

PHYS'CIANS.

T. B. MCINDOE, Physician & Surgeon, Rhinelander, Wis. Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets

T. E. WELCH, Physician and Surgeon. Office over Dunn & Wood's Hardware Store Rhinelander, Wis.

H. L. GARNER, Physician and Surgeon. Office in Merchants State Bank Building, Rhinelander, Wis.

C. H. O'CONNOR, DENTIST. Office Corner Stevens and Davenport Sts Over Herr's store.

ATTORNEYS.

S. H. ALBAN, Attorney at Law. Collections promptly attended to. Office in Merchants State Bank building

S. S. MILLER, Attorney at Law. Collections sharply looked after. Office over First National Bank

L. J. BILLINGS, Attorney & Counselor. Rhinelander, Wis

A. W. SHELTON, Attorney at Law. Special attention paid to homestead law and contests. Rhinelander

PAUL BROWNE, Attorney at Law. Collections Rhinelander, Wis

BANKS

MERCHANTS STATE BANK, Capital $50,000, Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Brown Street Rhinelander, Wis

THE CENTRAL BARBER SHOP
GEO. DUSEL, Proprietor.
Only First-Class Workmen Employed.
Hilber House Block.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

We Want a BRIGHT BOY to work after School Hours

Any boy who reads this advertisement can start in business on his own account selling The Saturday Evening Post

No money required. He can begin next week. Many boys make over $5 a week. Some are making $15.

THE work can be done after school hours and on Saturdays. Write to us at once and we will send full instructions and 10 copies of the magazine free. These are sold at 5 cents a copy and provide the necessary money to order the next week's supply at the wholesale price. $125.00 in cash prizes next month.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY
455 Arch Street, Philadelphia

DR. HOAG.

Dr. Hoag treats with unparalleled success all chronic, nervous, skin, blood and surgical diseases upon the latest scientific principles. He particularly invites all whose cases have been neglected or unskillfully treated. The Doctor is a regular graduate and licensed BY STATE BOARD OF HEALTH, and will visit your city one day each month.

All Cases he undertakes Guaranteed

HE PARTICULARLY invites all whose cases have been neglected, badly treated or pronounced incurable, as the study of his professional life has been devoted to this class.

REMEMBER, he asks only those who have failed to get relief from their own physicians to call upon him for advice free and be cured of their diseases.

HE GIVES FREE consultation, for he positively refuses a compensation from an incurable case.

THE ASTONISHING success and remarkable cures performed by him are due to a thorough knowledge of the structure and functions of the human system, and the cure of diseases by natural remedies.

HE MAKES NO experiments, and employs only reason, science and proven facts, making no appeal to superstition and prejudice.

HE DOCTOR CURES among the long list of other chronic ailments, Paralysis, Spinal Curvature, Contracted Tendons, Deafness and Hardness, following and dependent upon the Eruptive and other fevers by new and only correct principles.

HE CURES PARESIS OR BRAIN FAG which is marked by a dull heavy pain on top and back of the head; pains radiating from the spinal cord, hot and cold flashes, irregular action of the heart, indigestion, torpid liver, constipation, chest and kidney pains, frequent urination, dark spots and glimmers before the eyes, an indescribable misery across the matter of the body, etc.

DR. HOAG STAKES HIS HONOR and professional reputation upon the statement that he has discovered a speedy and positive cure for organic weakness, involuntary vital losses, with the long list of terrible penalties laid by nature for crimes against her most sacred and important laws, providing he is consulted before kidney, insanity, falling fits, or total impotency results.

DO NOT DELAY, a week or month may place you beyond hope. The youth, middle aged and the old, suffering from the horrible life blight caused by early errors or excesses of mature years take on good cheer, for restoration to perfect manhood is within reach.

EPILEPSY AND CATALEPSY cured by a new and never failing method.

FREE EXAMINATION of the urine. Each person applying for consultation should send or bring an ounce of their urine for chemical and microscopical examination.

DR. HOAG is not to be classed with the ordinary traveling doctor. He travels because he is able to cure a class of lingering diseases that others can not. Your doctor who has unsuccessfully treated you is invited to call with you and talk over your case in your presence before he assumes to condemn Dr. Hoag, who claims to have arrived at results hitherto to him unknown.

CASES TREATED BY MAIL or express, but personal consultation much preferred. List of questions free.

Address

Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva Ave., Chicago, Ill.

At the Rapids House
JUNE 5th.

A DANGER SPOT.

A dangerous spot for pain is the small of the back; it tells of Kidney ills as do most pains and aches in the back. Kidney ills begin with backache and end with Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's disease. Cure Kidney and Bladder troubles before they reach the

FOR LUNCH
Rhinelander Beer is the best of all table beverages. It is bottled with the greatest care to protect it from the slightest contamination, as pure beer must be kept pure.
TRY OUR MALT TONIC.
IT BUILDS YOU UP.
Rhinelander Brewing Co.

NEAT UP-TO-DATE TAILOR-MADE GOODS.
A. C. DANIELSON,
TAILOR,
has the finest line of cloths ever shown in Rhinelander, and guarantee to patrons the very best of workmanship and service.
PRICES EASY ON THE POCKET.
280 Brown Street, RHINELANDER, WIS

BIG JO FLOUR
25 pound sacks, 50 pound sacks and 100 pound sacks.
There is no better flour made in the country than BIG JO. A trial will convince you of its worth.
WE ALSO HANDLE THE
General Sheridan Uncolored Japan Tea and Flint's Rex Coffee, also Fresh Vegetables and Fruit.
J. N. WHITE

A CUP OF OUR FAMOUS
Ferndell Mocha and Java Coffee at Breakfast
IS MOST DELICIOUS.
EVERYTHING OF THE BEST IN OUR
Grocery Department.
LEAVE YOUR ORDER FOR DINNER WITH US.
E. C. VESSEY & SON.

Christ. Roepcke.
MANUFACTURER OF
Heavy and Light Harness,
Prices from $32 to $38, strictly hand made.
MACHINE MADE HARNESS ALSO FOR SALE.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE
DAVENPORT STREET.

NICK RINSBECK
Shoemaker and Repairer.
Work promptly turned out and satisfactorily done.
Mason Street, Near Viaduct
Rhinelander, Wis.

Miss Ida M. Snyder,
Treasurer of the Brooklyn East End Art Club,
"If women would pay more attention to their health we would have more happy wives, mothers and daughters, and if they would observe results they would find that the doctors' prescriptions do not perform the many cures they are given credit for.
"In consulting with my druggist he advised McElree's Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught, and so I took it and have every reason to thank him for a new life opened up to me with restored health, and it only took three months to cure me."
Wine of Cardui is a regulator of the menstrual functions and is a most astonishing tonic for women. It cures scanty, suppressed, too frequent, irregular and painful menstruation, falling of the womb, whites and flooding. It is helpful when approaching womanhood, during pregnancy, after childbirth and in change of life. It frequently brings a dear baby to homes that have been barren for years. All druggists have $1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.
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